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Broward County Public Schools, Florida  
Compliance Audit – School Year 2022-2023  
(Period Covered July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022)

Threat Assessment Policy & Procedures

January 18, 2023

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## TRANSMITTAL LETTER

January 18, 2023

Mr. Joris Jabouin, CPA  
 Chief Auditor  
 Broward County Public Schools  
 600 SE 3rd Avenue, 10th Floor  
 Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301



Pursuant to the approved Statement of Work dated October 18, 2022, between Broward County Public Schools (“BCPS” or “District”) and RSM US LLP (“RSM” “us,” “we” or “our”), we hereby submit our compliance audit report on Threat Assessment Policy & Procedures for School Year 2022-2023. Our compliance audit focused on the required documentation as per the Behavioral Threat Assessment Procedures Manual (revision March 8, 2022) and the Threat Assessment Policy 4380 (revision May 17, 2022) related to assessing threats that are formally identified by BCPS in their system, EdPlan. The objectives of our testing were to determine if the required forms were 1) entered or uploaded into the software, 2) substantially complete, and 3) completed/signed by the appropriate member of BCPS, if applicable. *Please note, RSM did not test for appropriateness of the content of the files or the District’s threat assessment process.* Below is an overview of the BTA compliance audit reports to date.

	SY 2020	SY 2021	SY 2022	SY 2023
<b>Period Covered</b>	12/1/2019 – 3/31/2020	1/1/2021 – 4/30/2021	3/8/2022 – 6/8/2022	7/1/2022 – 9/30/2022
<b>Number of Threats Reported</b>	875	414*	1,670	885
<i>Very Serious</i>	46	12	71	34
<i>Serious</i>	130	39	161	85
<i>Transient</i>	514	292	1,067	612
<i>Unfounded</i>	185	71*	371	154
<b>Sample Size</b>	200	75	35	35
<b>Report Date</b>	8/3/2021	4/20/2022	8/22/2022	1/18/2023

\* The SY 2021 report excluded unfounded threats from the population, thus the population in that report was 343.

### Scope, Methodology and Results

We held a kickoff meeting with representatives from the Office of the Chief Auditor (“Internal Audit”) on October 25, 2022, to gain an understanding of the threat assessment process, with an emphasis on the updates to the process since our prior audits. We held virtual walkthroughs with management to observe a live demonstration of the automated process and system. From these meetings, we created a list of items needed for our testing and worked with the District team and Internal Audit to obtain the necessary information.

## TRANSMITTAL LETTER - CONTINUED

### Scope, Methodology and Results - Continued

The District provided us with a population of 924 threat assessments out of EdPlan from the period of July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022. Internal Audit requested that we remove Charter Schools and duplicate system entries resulting in 885 threats. Additionally, Internal Audit requested we remove unfounded threats and transient threats from the population we received. Thus, the updated population of 119 is inclusive of all very serious substantive (34) and serious substantive (85) level threats. Per Internal Audit’s direction, we judgmentally selected a sample of 35 threat assessments, thus our sample and related testing results were not designed to be representative of the population. Our full sample selection methodology is outlined on page 9.

Below is a high-level overview of the samples selected by type of school and associated threat assessment risk ranking, as classified by the District.

Samples Selected and Tested by School Type and Threat Level			
School Type	Very Serious Substantive	Serious Substantive	Totals
<i>High School</i>	4	4	8
<i>Middle School</i>	5	4	9
<i>Elementary School</i>	5	3	8
<i>Centers</i>	6	4	10
<b>Totals</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>35</b>

There are 40 attributes that were tested within the 35 threats sampled. The 40 attributes tested were provided by Internal Audit and focused on school BTA roles, BTA training, the student intake form, incident information, data collection, interviews, analysis, student support plans and monitoring. A full listing of the attributes tested can be found in the “Attributes Tested” section of this report.

The table below illustrates a high-level analysis of the results of our testing for SY 2022-2023 by risk level and school type.

<b>By Risk Level</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Serious Substantive:</b> Exceptions were noted for twelve (12), or 80%, of the fifteen (15) serious substantive threats tested. The remaining three (3) serious substantive risk threats, or 20% tested had no exceptions.</li> <li>• <b>Very Serious Substantive:</b> Exceptions were noted for fifteen (15), or 75%, of the twenty (20) very serious substantive risk threats tested. The remaining five (5) very serious substantive risk threats, or 25% tested had no exceptions.</li> </ul>
<b>By Type of School</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Centers:</b> Exceptions were noted for nine (9), or 90%, of the ten (10) threats tested. One (1) Center, or 10% tested had no exceptions.</li> <li>• <b>Elementary Schools:</b> Exceptions were noted for six (6), or 75%, of the eight (8) threats tested. Two (2) Elementary Schools, or 25% tested had no exceptions.</li> <li>• <b>Middle Schools:</b> Exceptions were noted for seven (7), or 78%, of the nine (9) threats tested. Two (2) Middle Schools, or 22% tested had no exceptions.</li> <li>• <b>High Schools:</b> Exceptions were noted for five (5), or 63%, of the eight (8) threats tested. Four (4) High Schools, or 37% tested had no exceptions.</li> </ul>

A full listing of comparative results for the last three (3) periods tested is included in the “SY 2021 through SY 2023 Comparisons” section of this report.

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## TRANSMITTAL LETTER - CONTINUED

### Process Improvement Recommendation

The District implemented Navigate360 in the school year 2021-2022 for each school to document the monthly BTA team meetings. We recommend schools enter more specific details concerning the cases discussed and action items taken each month and to also include the date each student's monitoring plan is closed and the rationale behind the closure, when applicable.

Additionally, we recommend that formal school policies are adopted at the Centers, where physical checks and other daily safety measures occur for all attending students. Adopting formal policies would alleviate the maintenance of possession check logs, for example, for those students with monitoring plans requiring such searches.

We would like to thank all those who assisted us in this compliance audit of Threat Assessment Policy and Procedures.

Respectfully,



**RSM US LLP**

## BACKGROUND

Broward County Public Schools has a formal set of procedures for threat assessment. The Threat Assessment Procedures Manual was initially instituted in 2002, with updates to the manual in subsequent years. BCPS has made significant changes to the process by implementing an automated system, EdPlan, used to identify and track threat assessments. BCPS updated the Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) procedures manual, effective March 8, 2022. Additionally, BTA Policy 4380 superseded BTA Policy 2130, effective May 17, 2022. The procedures manual and policy were both implemented during the 2021-2022 school year and also utilized for the period covered under this audit. The procedures manual was updated on October 4, 2022 but due to the scope period for this audit ending on September 30, 2022 the previous procedures manual was used for this audit. A Behavioral Threat Assessment Department was established on July 1, 2022 to verify all threat assessments going forward are in compliance with the updated procedure manual and policy. To assist schools processing BTAs, a compliance checklist was adopted on August 28, 2022.

Since the implementation of EdPlan, there have been several internal trainings and updates to the system, beginning in October 2019. Further updates followed during each following school year. Updates for the school year 2023 through the date of this report occurred: July 2022 and October 2022 and are summarized in the table below.

July 2022	August 2022	October 2022
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>The Behavioral Threat Assessment Department was established under the Safety, Security, &amp; Emergency Preparedness Division</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) Compliance Checklist adopted August 28, 2022</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Updated the BTA Procedures Manual, revised October 4, 2022</li></ul>

## BACKGROUND – CONTINUED

EdPlan serves as the BCPS database for BTA records. When a threat report is received, BTA teams must follow procedures and complete all components in the EdPlan system. Below is an outline of the Behavioral Threat Assessment Process:

# Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) Process Map

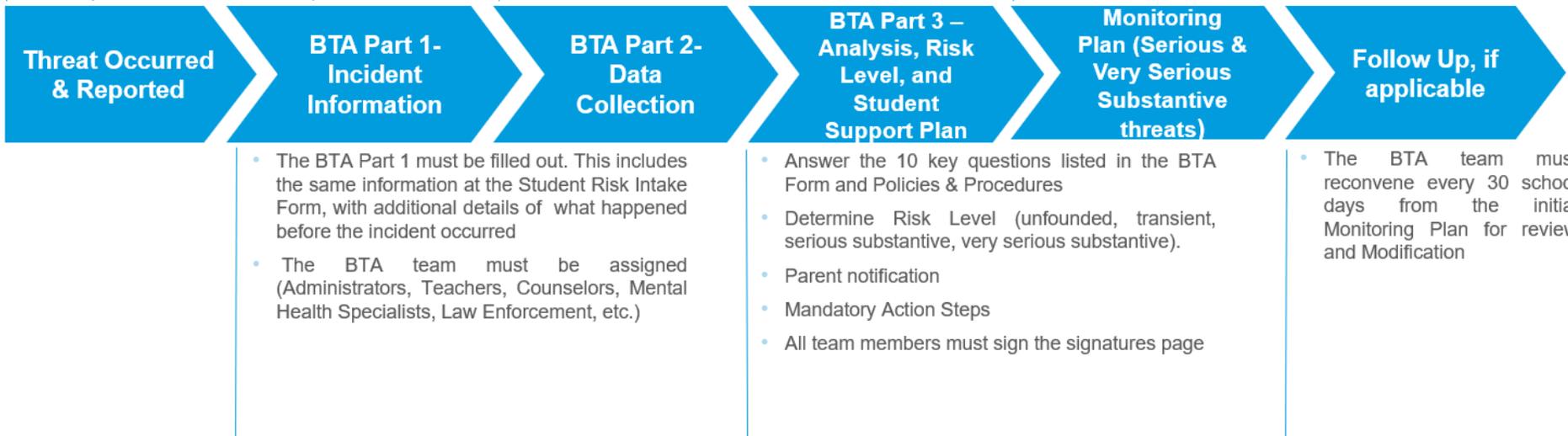
BTA teams must respond, within 24 hours when school is in session, to any report of a threat or any patterns of behavior that may pose a threat to self or others. In the absence of extenuating circumstances (e.g., student arrest, Baker Act, refusal to participate, parent unavailable until a later time, etc.), the entire BTA must be completed within 72 hours. The countdown starts as soon as the Administrator is aware of the incident.

After a threat is reported to Administrator:

- Administrator fills out the **Student Risk Intake Form**. This includes details of incident (name, time, place, what occurred, etc.)

- **Initial Student Interview** must be performed by a school-based Administrator
- **Teacher Input Form** must be completed
- **Witness Interview** required if witnesses were identified
- **Clinical Parent & Student interviews** must be performed by a professional (counselor, specialist, psychologist, etc.) for serious and very serious substantive level threats
- Review behavioral/discipline history
- Review ESE, 504, and/or gifted history
- Review academic/attendance history

- The team identifies any actions that require continued implementation and monitoring
- Finalize the Monitoring plan within 72 hours of completing BTA Parts 1-3
- All participants must sign the signature page



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## OBJECTIVES AND APPROACH

### Objectives

Our procedures were performed in accordance with the scope and approach set forth in our executed scope of work, dated October 18, 2022 and were limited to those described therein. The scope period was July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022. Fieldwork was performed from October 2022 through December 2022. Several meetings were held with BCPS personnel during this time to conduct system walkthroughs, discuss system updates, and to vet the results of the report.

The specific objectives of this project were:

- Obtain an understanding of the threat assessment process.
- Obtain an understanding of the EdPlan system used to manage threat documentation and retention procedures.
- Review written policy, procedures, and established practices, and documentation thereof.
- Test a sample of 35 threats for compliance with the threat assessment policies and procedures.
- Report, both verbally and in writing, a condensed report featuring a comparison matrix that highlights the results as compared to the prior two (2) reporting periods.

### Approach

Our audit approach consisted of the following three (3) phases:

#### Understanding and Documentation of the Process

During this phase, we performed the following:

- Conducted interviews and virtual walkthroughs with management to obtain an understanding of the threat assessment process, documentation and reporting, including updates and changes to the process related to recent automation.
- Reviewed the Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) Policy and Procedures Manual.
- Conducted EdPlan training and reviewed training aids.

#### Testing for Compliance with Policy and Procedures

- Tested compliance with the BTA Policy and Procedures. We selected 35 threats during the scope period (July 1, 2022 to September 30, 2022). The objectives of our testing were to determine if the required forms were: 1) entered or uploaded into EdPlan, 2) substantially complete, and 3) completed/signed by the appropriate member of BCPS, if applicable. *Please note, RSM did not test for appropriateness of the content of the files or the District's threat assessment process.* We tested for existence and completeness, among other attributes, for the following: School BTA Roles
  - BTA Training
  - Student Risk Intake Form
  - Behavior Threat Assessment
  - Initial Student Interview
  - Witness Interview, if applicable
  - Teacher Input Form
  - Clinical Parent and Student Interview
  - Monitoring Plan

#### Reporting

Since the conclusion of our procedures, our summarized findings and observations have been incorporated into this written report via the comparison matrix. We have reviewed the results with Management, and have incorporated Management's response into this report.

## SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

The Threat Assessment population was provided by the District and generated from EdPlan, therefore, RSM did not test the completeness of the population. A total of 119 threats were reported by school-based administrators during our scope period of July 1, 2022 to September 30, 2022, excluding charter schools, transient threats, unfounded threats, and duplicate system entries.

The table below summarizes the population of total recorded threats by threat level and school type, excluding charter schools, transient threats, unfounded threats, and duplicates.

Total Population by School Type and Threat Level			
School Type	Very Serious Substantive	Serious Substantive	Totals
<i>High School</i>	4	22	26
<i>Middle School</i>	7	36	43
<i>Elementary School</i>	7	15	22
<i>Centers</i>	16	12	28
<b>Totals</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>119</b>

As directed by Internal Audit, our sample was not intended to be representative of the population; rather, our sample was selected with a specific focus on the higher risk threats. The agreed upon sample size for testing was 35. Internal Audit requested that we include all very serious substantive and serious substantive threats in our sample. There were 34 very serious substantive threats and 85 serious substantive threats in the population, of which a total of 35 samples were selected.

The table below summarizes the total number of records selected for testing by threat level and school type.

Samples Selected and Tested by School Type and Threat Level			
School Type	Very Serious Substantive	Serious Substantive	Totals
<i>High School</i>	4	4	8
<i>Middle School</i>	5	4	9
<i>Elementary School</i>	5	3	8
<i>Centers</i>	6	4	10
<b>Totals</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>35</b>

## ATTRIBUTES TESTED

BCPS provided the following 40 attributes for testing with references to the Threat Assessment Policy and BTA Procedures manual, as applicable:

	Attributes		Policy 4380*	Manual Page Num**
School BTA Roles	1	Did the school principal identify members of a BTA team that includes persons with expertise in counseling, instruction, school administration, and law enforcement?	§ III(B)	7
	2	Did the school principal assign school-based staff members to monitor and respond to all incoming reports where safety is of concern?	§ III(G)	7
BTA Training	3	Did all school-based administrators and BTA team members attend and complete mandatory, state-approved threat assessment trainings (CSTAG)?	§ III(C)	7
	4	Was each team member's completion certificate uploaded to the designated electronic system?	§ III(C)	7
	5a	Did the BTA team provide annual training and guidance to <b>students</b> and staff on recognizing behaviors of concern, their roles, and responsibilities in reporting the behavior, and the various options for submitting a report, including anonymous reporting?	§ III(D)	7
	5b	Did the BTA team provide annual training and guidance to students and <b>staff</b> on recognizing behaviors of concern, their roles, and responsibilities in reporting the behavior, and the various options for submitting a report, including anonymous reporting?	§ III(D)	7
	5c	Did the school staff inform the school community annually on recognizing concerning behaviors and the various options for reporting concerning behaviors, including anonymous reporting (e.g., Fortify/FL, See Something, Say Something, Safer Watch)?	§ III(E)	
Student Intake Form	6	Was the completed Student Risk Intake Form present in EdPlan?	§ IV(A); § V(F)	17, 44-45
	7	Was the Student Risk Intake Form listed as a finalized document on the EdPlan Documents tab?	§ IV(A); § V(F)	17
	8	Was the Student Risk Intake Form completed by the school-based administrator?	§ IV(A)	17, 44
	9	Were the mandatory immediate actions taken and documented if an imminent threat has been identified?	§ IV(D)(c); § V(A)(C)(G)(H)	17-18
Initial Phase/Triage Process	10	Was the completed Initial Student Interview present (entered directly into EdPlan or attached to the BTA in EdPlan)?	§ IV(A); § V(F)	19, 51-52
	11	Was the Initial Student Interview completed by the school-based administrator?	§ IV(A)	19, 51
	12	Was the completed Teacher Input Form present (entered directly into EdPlan or attached to the BTA in EdPlan)?	§ IV(A); § V(F)	19, 53-55
Witness Interview(s) (required if any witnesses were identified)	13	Was the completed Witness Interview Form present (entered directly into EdPlan or attached to the BTA in EdPlan)?	§ IV(A); § V(F)	19, 22, 31, 49-50
	14	Was the Witness Interview completed by a staff with a threat assessment training certificate (CSTAG Level 2)?	§ IV(A)	19, BTA Checklist***
BTA Part 1: Incident Information	15	Was the Behavioral Threat Assessment created in EdPlan?	§ IV(A); § V(F)	21, 22, 30, 31
	16	Were all the required components of the BTA Part 1 completed?	§ IV(A)	21-22, 30-31, 46-48
	17	Was the BTA initiated within 24 hours (when school was in session or no later than the end of the first day school was back in session); if no, was a reason for delay documented in EdPlan?	§ III(I)	7, 21-22, 30-31
BTA Part 2: Data Collection	18	Were all the required components of the BTA Part 2 completed?	§ IV(A); § V(F)	22-23, 31-33, 56-57
Clinical Interviews (required for Substantive Threats only)	19	Was the completed Clinical Parent Interview present (entered directly into EdPlan or attached to the BTA in EdPlan)?	§ IV(A); § V(F)	32, 63-70
	20	Was the Clinical Parent Interview completed by mental health professional?	§ IV(A)	32, 63
	21	Was the completed Clinical Student Interview present (entered directly into EdPlan or attached to the BTA in EdPlan)?	§ IV(A); § V(F)	32, 71-81
	22	Was the Clinical Student Interview completed by a mental health professional?	§ IV(A)	32, 71

\* SBBC Policy 4380 (formerly 2130), Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) as adopted 3/5/2019, amended 10/20/2020 and 5/17/2022

\*\* BTA Procedures Manual 2022 Revision 3/8/2022

\*\*\* Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) Compliance Checklist updated 8/28/2022

## ATTRIBUTES TESTED – CONTINUED

	Attributes		Policy 4380*	Manual Page Num**
BTA Part 3: Analysis, Risk Level, and Student Support Plan	23	Were all the required components of the BTA Part 3 completed?	s IV(A); s V(F)	23-28, 33-38, 58-62
	24	Was the parent/guardian contacted?	s IV(C)	26, 36
	25	Was the outcome of the parent/guardian contact (or attempt(s) to contact) documented?	s IV(C)	26, 36
	26	Was the BTA finalized in EdPlan?	s V(F)	28, 38
	27	Was the BTA finalized within 72 hours; if not, was the reason documented?	s III(I)	
	28	Was the BTA signed by all team members as required?	s V(F)	29, 39
	29	Did the Principal acknowledge BTA in EdPlan? (within approx. 48 hours)	s IV(B); s V(B)	28, 38
	30	Did the principal's supervisor acknowledge BTA in EdPlan?	s V(B)	29, 38
	31	Was the completed BTA documented in TERMS?	s V(F)	29, 38
Monitoring Plan (required for Serious/Very Serious Substantive Threats)	32	Was the Monitoring Plan created?	s III(I); s IV(E)(a); s V(A)(F)	39, 82-83
	33	Was the Monitoring Plan finalized in EdPlan?	s V(F)	39, 82
	34	Was the Monitoring Plan finalized within 72 hours of completing BTA; if not, was the reason documented?		39, 82
	35	Was the Monitoring Plan signed by all monitoring plan meeting participants?	s IV(A)	39
	36	Was the Monitoring Plan reviewed/modified by all team members every 30 school days (or earlier if warranted)	s IV(E)	40, 83
	37	Was the Monitoring Plan documentation maintained for all actions selected on the monitoring plan, when applicable.	s V(F)	40
BTA Team Meetings	38	Did school-based BTA team meet at least monthly, and maintain documentation of their meetings (dates and times, team members in attendance, cases discussed, and actions taken)?	s III(J)	
Transferred Students: Continuation of Intervention Services	39	Did the administrator at the receiving school of a transfer student, within the district, review the BTA file in EdPlan within 72 hours?	s V(F)(a)	
	40	If notification of the student's transfer to an out-of-district school was received, did the BTA team confirm that intervention services remain available, as applicable, until the BTA team of the receiving school independently determines the need for intervention services?	s V(F)(b)	

\* SBBC Policy 4380 (formerly 2130), Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) as adopted 3/5/2019, amended 10/20/2020 and 5/17/2022

\*\* BTA Procedures Manual 2022 Revision 3/8/2022

\*\*\* Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) Compliance Checklist updated 8/28/2022

## POLICY REFERENCES

The table below shows the policy section references for the most recent BTA Policy 4380 (revision May 17, 2022). Sections 3A, 3F, 5D, and 5E were not auditable because those sections were goals, statements, and objectives that are general in nature and are not subject to audit procedures.

Section	Brief Description *	Auditable?
3A	The District School Safety Specialist shall ensure compliance with the policy.	No
3B	Each school principal shall identify members of a threat assessment team.	Yes
3C	All school-based administrations and threat assessment members must attend and complete mandatory district threat assessment trainings annually. Each team member's completion certificate must be uploaded to the designated electronic system. Those members appointed during the 2021-22 school year must complete training within ninety (90) days of appointment.	Yes
3D	All school-based administrators and BTA team members must complete an annual refresher training. The team must provide annual training and guidance to students, staff, and parents on recognizing behaviors and various options of reporting.	Yes
3E	School staff will inform the school community annually on recognizing concerning behaviors and the various options for reporting.	Yes
3F	Parents of public-school students have a right to timely notification of threats, unlawful acts, and significant emergencies.	No
3G	Each school principal must assign school-based staff members who can proactively monitor and respond to incoming reports.	Yes
3H	All School Board of Broward County (SBBC) employees, volunteers, and contractors are required to report to school administration any expressed threat(s) or behavior(s) that may represent a threat to the community, school, or self.	Yes
3I	The team must respond to any threat within 24 hours when school is in session or refer the threat to law enforcement if school is not in session. After, the threat assessment team must meet no later than the end of day the first day school is back in session to conclude if the threat is closed. It is strongly recommended that all BTAs are finalized within 72 hours when school is in session. If the BTA is not finalized within 72 hours documentation should be entered into electronic management system explaining the extenuating circumstances.	Yes
3J	Each school-based threat assessment team must meet as often as needed to fulfill its duties of assessing and intervening with persons whose behavior may pose a threat to school staff or students, but no less than monthly. Threat assessment teams shall maintain documentation of their meetings, including dates and times, team members in attendance, cases discussed, and actions taken.	Yes
4A	The team must identify whether the threat has been made and whether it is a threat to self or a threat to others. The team must coordinate how to monitor the threat. The team shall follow guidelines for evaluation and treatment.	Yes
4B	Upon a determination by the BTA team members that a student poses a threat, all threat determinations must be reported to the school principal or his/her administrative designee.	Yes
4C	Upon a determination by the BTA team members that a student poses a threat, the principal or his/her designee, who is participating in the BTA, shall immediately attempt to notify the student's parent or legal guardian.	Yes
4D	Upon a determination by the BTA team members that a student poses a threat, authorized members of the BTA team may request and obtain criminal history record information, in addition to consulting with law enforcement.	Yes

## POLICY REFERENCES – CONTINUED

Section	Brief Description *	Auditable?
4E	The BTA team must coordinate resources to provide intervention to individuals whose behavior may pose a threat. The BTA team must plan for the implementation and monitoring of appropriate interventions.	Yes
5A	BTA teams shall follow established procedures for school-based community, and/or health care providers for mental health services.	Yes
5B	The school principal will review the documentation for all threat assessments to ensure completeness and fidelity. The school principal will sign/acknowledge that the BTA documentation is complete and will forward the signed/acknowledged assessment to their supervisor.	Yes
5C	If an immediate mental health or substance abuse crisis is suspected, school personnel must follow policies to engage behavioral health crisis resources who have been trained in crisis intervention.	Yes**
5D	BTA teams shall contact other agencies involved with the student and any known service providers to share information and coordinate necessarily follow up.	No
5E	The BTA team shall identify additional members of the school community to whom threatening behavior should be reported and provide guidance.	No
5F	BTA records are considered education records and shall be maintained and released in accordance with FERPA and state statute.	Yes**
5G	If a student may be expelled or suspended, the school shall identify ways in which these can be safely enacted and identify resources to assist.	Yes
5H	Nothing in this policy shall preclude school personnel from acting immediately to address an imminent threat and to report to the school principal, or his/her designee, that an individual poses a threat of violence or physical harm to self or others. Where an immediate threat to life or safety exists, reports must result in immediate notification to law enforcement.	Yes
5I	The Chief Auditor will conduct annual audits in compliance with the policy and report findings to the Audit Committee and The School Board.	Yes

\* SBBC Policy 4380, Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) as adopted 3/5/2019, amended 10/20/2020 and 5/17/2022.

\*\* This section of the policy is auditable, however, this was not included within the scope of this compliance audit.

## SY 2021 THROUGH SY 2023 COMPARISONS

The chart below shows the attributes that were tested in the current year’s quarter one audit (SY 2022-2023) and their results. The columns labeled SY21, SY22, and SY23Q1 are the number of exceptions that were found for each attribute. Please note the items designated with “N/A” below, were either not tested in the prior audits or they were not comparable to the current year. The attribute numbers listed below relate to SY 2022-2023 Q1 audit. Please refer to the prior years’ reports for the prior year attribute numbers, as they may have changed.

Please note that the current audit (SY23Q1) and the last audit (SY22) focused on serious substantive and very serious substantive risk threats only. These threats are high risk and contain more required components tested under audit as compared to the other threat types which were included and tested in previous years as evidenced below.

			Sampled: 75		Sampled: 35		Sampled: 35		
			Very Serious: 12	Very Serious: 20	Very Serious: 20	Very Serious: 15	Very Serious: 15		
			Serious: 39	Serious: 15	Serious: 15	Serious: 15	Serious: 15		
			Transient: 24	Transient: 0	Transient: 0	Transient: 0	Transient: 0		
			Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0		
Coverage Periods			1/1/2021 - 4/30/2021		3/8/2022 - 6/8/2022		7/1/2022 - 9/30/2022		
Attributes			SY21	% Failed SY21	SY22	% Failed SY22	SY23Q1	% Failed SY23Q1	SY 23 Quarter 1 Comments
School BTA Roles	1	Did the school principal identify members of a BTA team that includes persons with expertise in counseling, instruction, school administration, and law enforcement?	5	10%	2	7%	1	3%	Out of 34 schools.
	2	Did the school principal assign school-based staff members to monitor and respond to all incoming reports where safety is of concern?	1	2%	0	0%	0	0%	
BTA Training	3	Did all school-based administrators and BTA team members attend and complete mandatory state-approved threat assessment trainings (CSTAG)?	101	28%	38	18%	10	3%	Out of the 319 employees listed as BTA members who should have completed the training.  The 10 members who did not attend training are: 4 Teachers, 4 Law Enforcement Officers (LEO), and 2 Mental Health Professionals (MHP).
	4	Did all mandatory team members report their completion of mandatory training to their supervisor?	101	28%	64	37%	60	19%	249 out of 309 complied, however, 60 employees listed as BTA or School Based Administrators (SBA) members completed training but did not upload their training certificate to EdPlan.
	5a	Did the BTA team provide annual training and guidance to <b>students</b> and staff on recognizing behaviors of concern, their roles and responsibilities in reporting the behavior, and the various options for submitting a report, including anonymous reporting?	0	0%	5	14%	1	3%	Out of 34 schools.
	5b	Did the BTA team provide annual training and guidance to <b>students</b> and <b>staff</b> on recognizing behaviors of concern, their roles and responsibilities in reporting the behavior, and the various options for submitting a report, including anonymous reporting?	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	Out of 34 schools.
	5c	Did school staff inform the school community annually on recognizing concerning behaviors and the various options for reporting concerning behaviors, including anonymous reporting (e.g., FortifyFL, See Something, Say Something, Safer Watch)?	NA		NA		0	0%	Out of 34 schools.

## SY 2021 THROUGH SY 2023 COMPARISONS – CONTINUED

			Sampled: 75		Sampled: 35		Sampled: 35		
			Very Serious: 12	Very Serious: 20	Very Serious: 20	Very Serious: 15	Very Serious: 15		
			Serious: 39	Serious: 15	Serious: 15	Serious: 0	Serious: 0		
			Transient: 24	Transient: 0	Transient: 0	Transient: 0	Transient: 0		
			Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0		
Coverage Periods			1/1/2021 - 4/30/2021		3/8/2022 - 6/8/2022		7/1/2022 - 9/30/2022		
Attributes			SY21	% Failed SY21	SY22	% Failed SY22	SY23Q1	% Failed SY23Q1	SY 23 Quarter 1 Comments
Student Intake Form	6	Was the Student Risk Intake Form present in EdPlan?	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	Out of 35 threat assessments.
	7	Was the Student Risk Intake Form listed as a finalized document on the EdPlan Documents tab?	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	The 1 Student Risk Intake Form was completed by the MHP instead of an SBA as it started out as a threat to self.
	8	Was the Student Risk Intake Form completed by the school-based administrator?	2	3%	2	6%	1	3%	
	9	Were the mandatory immediate actions taken and documented if an imminent threat has been identified?	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	
Initial Phase/Triage Process	10	Was the completed Initial Student Interview present (entered directly into EdPlan or attached to the BTA in EdPlan)?	1	1%	0	0%	1	3%	Out of 35 threat assessments.
	11	Was the Initial Student Interview completed by the school-based administrator?	3	4%	3	9%	2	6%	For attribute 10, a Witness Statement Affidavit was utilized instead of the Initial Student Interview.
	12	Was the completed Teacher Input Form present (entered directly into EdPlan or attached to the BTA in EdPlan)?	2	3%	0	0%	0	0%	For attribute 11, the 2 Initial Student Interviews were completed by a MHP and did not contain documentation supporting that the SBA was part of the interview.
Witness Interview(s) (required only if any witnesses were identified)	13	Was the completed Witness Interview Form present (entered directly into EdPlan or attached to the BTA in EdPlan)?	15	37%	8	57%	1	4%	Out of the 23 BTAs where Witness Interview Forms were applicable, 1 did not provide documentation of a witness interview occurring. 3 of the 23 provided a Witness Statement Affidavit in lieu of the Witness Interview Form. The Witness Affidavit forms did not document who conducted the interview, therefore, we were unable to determine if the interviewer was CSTAG trained.
	14	Was the Witness Interview completed by a staff with a threat assessment training certificate (CSTAG Level 2)?	N/A		N/A		3	13%	
BTA Part 1: Incident Information	15	Was the Behavioral Threat Assessment created in EdPlan?	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	Out of 35 threat assessments.
	16	Were all the required components of the BTA Part 1 completed?	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	
	17	Was the BTA initiated within 24 hours (when school was in session or no later than the end of the first day school was back in session); if no, was a reason for delay documented in EdPlan?	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	
BTA Part 2: Data Collection	18	Were all the required components of the BTA Part 2 completed?	0	0%	8	23%	4	11%	Out of 35 threat assessments.

## SY 2021 THROUGH SY 2023 COMPARISONS – CONTINUED

			Sampled: 75		Sampled: 35		Sampled: 35		
			Very Serious: 12	Very Serious: 20	Very Serious: 20	Very Serious: 15	Very Serious: 15	Very Serious: 15	
			Serious: 39	Serious: 15	Serious: 0	Serious: 0	Serious: 0	Serious: 0	
			Transient: 24	Transient: 0	Transient: 0	Transient: 0	Transient: 0	Transient: 0	
			Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0	Unfounded: 0	
Coverage Periods			1/1/2021 - 4/30/2021		3/8/2022 - 6/8/2022		7/1/2022 - 9/30/2022		
Attributes			SY21	% Failed SY21	SY22	% Failed SY22	SY23Q1	% Failed SY23Q1	SY 23 Quarter 1 Comments
Clinical Interviews (required for Substantive Threats only)	19	Was the completed Clinical Parent Interview present (entered directly into EdPlan or attached to the BTA in EdPlan)?	0	0%	1	3%	0	0%	Out of 35 threat assessments.
	20	Was the Clinical Parent Interview completed by a mental health professional?	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	
	21	Was the completed Clinical Student Interview present (entered directly into EdPlan or attached to the BTA in EdPlan)?	0	0%	1	3%	0	0%	
	22	Was the Clinical Student Interview completed by a mental health professional?	1	2%	0	0%	0	0%	
BTA Part 3: Analysis, Risk Level, and Student Support Plan	23	Were all the required BTA Part 3 substantially complete?	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	Out of 35 threat assessments.
	24	Was the parent/guardian contacted?	1	1%	0	0%	0	0%	
	25	Was the outcome of the parent/guardian contact (or attempt(s) to contact) documented?	1	1%	0	0%	0	0%	
	26	Was the BTA finalized in EdPlan?	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	
	27	Was the BTA finalized within 72 hours; if not, was the reason documented?	N/A		N/A		0	0%	
	28	Was the BTA signed by all team members as required?	1	1%	0	0%	0	0%	
	29	Did the Principal acknowledge BTA in EdPlan? (within approx. 48 hours)	30	40%	0	0%	0	0%	
30	Did the principal's supervisor acknowledge the BTA in EdPlan?	15	20%	0	0%	0	0%		
31	Was the completed BTA documented in TERMS?	0	0%	3	9%	0	0%		
Monitoring Plan (required for Serious/Very Serious Substantive Threats)	32	Was the Monitoring Plan created?	0	0%	3	9%	0	0%	Out of 35 threat assessments.
	33	Was the Monitoring Plan finalized in EdPlan?	11	22%	0	0%	0	0%	For attribute 36, 1 monitoring plan was reviewed/modified on the 31st school day. All 3 monitoring plans were subsequently closed, however, the reasoning or date for the closure was not able to be determined.
	34	Was the Monitoring Plan finalized within 72 hours of completing BTA; if not, was the reason documented?	15	38%	8	23%	3	9%	
	35	Was the Monitoring Plan signed by all monitoring plan meeting participants?	25	63%	3	9%	3	9%	
	36	Was the Monitoring Plan reviewed/modified by all team members every 30 school days (or earlier if warranted).	10	25%	1	3%	3	9%	For attribute 37, 10 had incomplete/inaccurate logs and 2 were a combination of logs and Collaborative Problem Solving (CPS) referrals.
37	Was the Monitoring Plan documentation maintained for all actions selected on the monitoring plan, when applicable.	2	4%	3	9%	12	34%		
BTA Team Meetings	38	Did school-based BTA team meet at least monthly, and maintain documentation of their meetings (dates and times, team meetings in attendance, cases discussed, and actions taken)?	N/A		N/A		1	3%	Out of 34 schools.  The 1 school met every month but did not document the cases discussed or actions taken.
Transferred Students: Continuation of Intervention Services	39	Did the administrator at the receiving school of a transfer student, within the district, review the BTA file in EdPlan within 72 hours?	0	0%	2	33%	3	33%	Out of 9 students that transferred within the District.
	40	If notification of the student's transfer to an out-of-district school was received, did the BTA team confirm that intervention services remain available, as applicable, until the BTA team of the receiving school independently determines the need for intervention services?	0	0%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No reports of students transferring out of the District.

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## APPENDIX I: BEHAVIORAL THREAT ASSESSMENT DEPARTMENT RESPONSE

**Behavioral Threat Assessment Department**

**Ernie Lozano, Executive Director**

600 Southeast Third Avenue  
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301  
phone: 754-321-3530  
ernie.lozano@browardschools.com  
[www.browardschools.com/bta](http://www.browardschools.com/bta)

**The School Board of  
Broward County, Florida**

Lori Alhadeff, Chair  
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Daniel P. Foganholi  
Dr. Jeff Holness  
Sarah Leonardi  
Nora Rupert  
Dr. Allen Zeman

Dr. Vickie L. Cartwright  
Superintendent of Schools

January 18, 2023

**TO:** Jaime Alberti, Chief, Safety, Security, & Emergency Preparedness  
Office of Safety, Security, & Emergency Preparedness

**FROM:** Ernie Lozano, Executive Director  
Behavioral Threat Assessment Department

**SUBJECT: District Responses to 2023 Quarter 1 Behavioral Threat Assessment Audit**

There were many improvements that have occurred from the previous audit to the current audit. Thirteen attributes from the last audit showed a decrease in the percentage of the fail rate. Four attributes had a fail rate that increased by 6% or less. Attribute 3 identifies Law Enforcement Officers requiring CSTAG Certification. The schools that are currently staffed with an Armed Guardian have been advised to reach out to SIU for assistance, as our detectives are all CSTAG trained. Attribute 37 (refers to the Monitoring Plan documentation maintained for all actions selected on the plan, when applicable) had a fail rate increase of 25%. The timing of the last audit and this current audit affected the comparison data results of Attribute 37. The prior audit was conducted at the end of the school year and actions were only implemented for a few days or not at all due to a suspension, withdrawal, etc. due to the school year ended shortly after many of the threat assessments were finalized. For the current audit, schools were able to carry out all required actions for a sustained amount of time since it was the first quarter of the school year and students were in school. If the sample documentation tested was not 100% accurate or in compliance with all actions selected on the monitoring plan, it received a fail. For example, a school could have missed two signatures out of 60 days on a daily possession check log when a student was present. This would result in the sample failing this attribute.

Below are the district responses for each attribute that had a fail rate greater than 0% on the 2023 Quarter 1 Behavioral Threat Assessment Audit conducted from July 1, 2022, through September 30, 2022. This audit was underway at the same time as the newly created BTA (Behavioral Threat Assessment) Department was being staffed and trained in threat assessment processes. The Behavioral Threat Assessment Department is focused on continuous improvement and will work with school leaders to correct the issues identified in this audit. The Behavioral Threat Assessment Department is committed to ensuring threat assessments comply with School Board Policy 4380 and Florida Department of Education State Statutes.

**School BTA Roles**

**Attribute 1 District Response**

The performance on this attribute improved from a fail rate of 7% to 3%. Schools are required to identify the Core Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) Team on the School Profile Form in EdPlan. The Behavioral Threat Assessment Department shared expectations with all principals and assistant principals on August 3, 2022, during Leadership Week. For the one sample that failed this attribute, a guidance counselor was not listed on the School Profile Form. The school was notified of this omission and made the correction. At this time, the data schools enter into the School Profile Form is removed from the system once finalized. The BTA Department has requested the vendor correct this issue since August 2022.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date – January 13, 2023***

### **Attribute 3 District Response**

100% of school-based administrators were in compliance with this attribute. This attribute showed an improvement in the fail rate from 18% to 3%. Per state statute, all members of the school BTA Core Team must complete the CSTAG (Comprehensive School Threat Assessment Guidelines) training requirement to participate in a BTA Meeting as a Core Team Member. Ten individuals of the 319 included in this sample who participated in a meeting did not have the CSTAG training completed at the time of the meeting. Four were teachers, four were law enforcement officers, and two were mental health professionals. For every sample that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff to ensure that all BTA Core Team members complete the annual refresher training.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023***

### **Attribute 4 District Response**

This attribute showed an improvement in the fail rate from 37% to 19%. Sixty individuals completed the required CSTAG training. The certificates were not uploaded into EdPlan. For every sample that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff to ensure that the certificates were uploaded into EdPlan.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023***

### **Attribute 5A District Response**

This attribute showed an improvement in the fail rate from 14% to 3%. For the sample that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff to make certain that documentation is available to ensure the school informs students and parents of threat awareness and threat reporting.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023***

### **Attribute 8 District Response**

This attribute showed an improvement in the fail rate from 6% to 3%. The one Student Risk Intake Form was completed by the Mental Health Professional instead of a school-based administrator. This sample started out as a threat to self. In this situation it was appropriate that the intake form was completed by a Mental Health Professional. Since the procedural manual did not explicitly state this the sample failed. The current Procedural Manual has updated language to account for this situation. For the sample that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process for completing an intake form with school staff.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023***

### **Attribute 10 District Response**

This attribute had a fail rate of 3%. For the one sample that failed this attribute, a Witness Statement Affidavit was utilized in place of the Initial Student Interview. For the sample that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process for completing an Initial Student Interview with school staff.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023***

### **Attribute 11 District Response**

This attribute showed an improvement in the fail rate from 9% to 6%. Mental Health Professionals are recommended to assist with these interviews. The Procedural Manual in place during this audit indicated that the Initial Student Interview is to be conducted by an administrator. The updated Procedural Manual allows any member of the BTA Core Team assigned to the threat assessment to complete the Initial Student Interview. For the 2 samples that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff for completing the Initial Student Interview.

*Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023*

### **Witness Interview**

#### **Attribute 13 and Attribute 14 District Response**

Attribute 13 showed an improvement in the fail rate from 57% to 4%. For Attribute 14, three of the four samples that failed this attribute had Witness Statement Affidavits instead of the Witness Interview Form. The Witness Statement Affidavit did not list the name of the staff member therefore the auditors could not identify if the administrator facilitated the completion of the affidavit. Retraining will be conducted with all schools. For the samples that failed these attributes, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff for completing the Witness Interview Form.

*Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023*

### **BTA Part 2: Data Collection**

#### **Attribute 18 District Response**

This attribute showed an improvement in the fail rate from 23% to 11%. For the samples that failed this attribute, the schools were missing a required component of the Record Review requirements. For the samples that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff for completing the Record Review in EdPlan.

*After the last threat assessment audit, a request was made to Public Consulting Group to ensure all required data is entered into Part 2 before the system allows entry into Part 3. As of 12/08/2022 this issue is not resolved.*

*Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023*

### **Clinical Interviews**

#### **Attribute 20 District Response**

There was one sample in which the Clinical Parent Interview was not completed by a Mental Health Professional. The Clinical Parent Interview was completed by a school-based administrator. For the sample that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff for completing the Clinical Parent Interview in EdPlan.

*Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023*

#### **Attribute 22 District Response**

There was one sample in which the Clinical Student Interview was not completed by a Mental Health Professional. The Clinical Student Interview was completed by a school-based administrator. For the sample that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff for completing the Clinical Student Interview in EdPlan.

*Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023*

### **Monitoring Plan**

#### **Attribute 34 District Response**

Three samples were identified as not having a Monitoring Plan completed within 72 hours after a Threat Assessment was finalized. For all 3 samples a monitoring plan was completed. For the first sample the BTA was finalized on

9/6 and the monitoring plan was finalized on 9/10. For the second sample the BTA was finalized on 9/15 and the monitoring plan was finalized on 9/21. For the third sample, the BTA was finalized on 09/23 and the monitoring plan was finalized on 10/06. The school documented in EdPlan on 10/06 that the plan was completed and finished by the BTA Core Team on the same day the BTA was finalized. The school inadvertently did not finalize it. In addition, for the samples that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff for completing and finalizing Monitoring Plans in EdPlan.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023***

### **Attribute 35 District Response**

For 3 samples, there was not a parent signature on the Monitoring Plan. Parents are not required to participate in the development of the Monitoring Plan but were listed on the signature page. For the 3 samples that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff for capturing signatures for meeting participants in EdPlan.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023***

### **Attribute 36 District Response**

Three samples were identified as not reviewing the Monitoring Plan within 30 school days. The first sample was reviewed on the 31<sup>st</sup> day. The other two samples were closed out by the school prior to the thirty-day review. However, since EdPlan does not specifically show this action took place, the auditors failed both samples. For the samples that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff for reviewing active Monitoring Plans.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023***

### **Attribute 37 District Response**

This attribute was tested at contrasting times of the school year. This contributed to the increased fail rate. For attribute 37, 10 samples had incomplete/inaccurate logs, and 2 were a combination of logs and Collaborative Problem-Solving Team referrals. The prior audit was conducted at the end of the school year and actions were only implemented for a few days or not at all due to a suspension, withdrawal, etc. since the school year ended shortly after many of the threat assessments were finalized. For the current audit, schools were able to carry out all required actions for a sustained amount of time since it was the first quarter of the school year and the students returned to school.

If the sample tested was not 100% accurate or in compliance with all actions selected on the monitoring plan, it received a fail. For example, a school could have missed one signature out of 60 days on a daily possession check log when a student was present. This would result in the sample failing this attribute. For the samples that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff for documenting the action steps selected in a Monitoring Plan to ensure actions are implemented with fidelity.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023***

### **Attribute 38 District Response**

One hundred percent of schools conducted their BTA Monthly Meetings in August, September, and October. One school did not document the students discussed and actions that were taken. For the sample that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department reviewed the process with school staff for documenting the students discussed and actions taken selected in a Monitoring Plan to ensure actions are implemented with fidelity.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023***

### **Attribute 39 District Response**

For 3 samples there was no evidence school reviewed Monitoring Plan with 72 hours. Two of the samples were from the same school. For the samples that failed this attribute, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department

reviewed the process with school staff to ensure schools are reviewing EdPlan immediately when a student is enrolled with an active Monitoring Plan.

***Requirements reviewed with all school administrators- completion date - January 13, 2023***

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## APPENDIX II: CONSOLIDATED DISTRICT CABINET RESPONSES

**Dr. Jermaine V. Fleming**  
**North Regional Superintendent**

610 NE 13<sup>th</sup> Avenue  
Pompano Beach, FL 33060  
phone: 754-321-3600 • fax: 754-321-3630  
www.browardschools.com

January 18, 2023

To: Joris Jabouin, Chief Auditor  
Office of the Chief Auditor

Via: Dr. Marilyn A. Doyle *MD*  
Deputy Superintendent, Teaching & Learning

Re: **RESPONSE TO 22-23 Q1 RSM BEHAVIORAL THREAT ASSESSMENT AUDIT**

Please find this communication as a response to the Behavioral Threat Assessment Audit for the 2022-2023 school year Quarter 1. The Teaching and Learning Superintendents (Adamson, Fleming, Strauss, and Wanza) have reviewed the BTA SY2023 Quarter 1 audit finding and associated Workpaper 12-12. The Teaching and Learning Superintendents will continue to make the Behavior Threat Assessment Process a priority for our administration. The findings, recommendations, and leadership responses from school years 2019-20, 2020-21, 2021-22, and 2022-2023 Quarter 1 audits will guide our methodology as we monitor and provide support to our schools.

Each Teaching and Learning Superintendent's Leadership Team will meet monthly with the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department to discuss trends and findings, and address any relevant corrective actions needed. The Behavior Threat Assessment topic will remain as a standing item on each Teaching and Learning Superintendent's Leadership Teams weekly staff meeting agenda.

We will continue to conduct regular analysis of school-specific behavioral threat assessment procedures and outcomes in schools with staff from the Behavioral Threat Assessment team. If the result of our findings warrants, we are prepared to discuss areas for system and training improvements and administer disciplinary actions to school leaders when warranted.

The following items were key findings in the SY2023 Quarter 1 audit that will be addressed in the following manner:

**BTA Training Certificates**

*A list of the 60 employees that did not upload was reviewed and verified by the TA Superintendents. Directors will work with principals to ensure that the certificates are uploaded in EdPlan.*

**Witness Interview Forms**

*On January 9, 2023, the district Behavioral Threat Assessment team will review the process on inputting witness interview forms with all school principals.*

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Broward County, Florida**

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Brenda Fam, Esq.  
Daniel P. Foganhali  
Dr. Jeff Holness  
Sarah Leonardi  
Nora Rupert  
Dr. Allen Zeman

Dr. Vickie L. Cartwright  
Superintendent of Schools

### **BTA Part 2: Data Collection**

On December 8, 2022, Principals provided an appropriate action plan to ensure all required components of Part 2 were completed. The respective Teaching and Learning Director (Principal Supervisor) reviewed and approved the action plans.

### **Monitoring Plan**

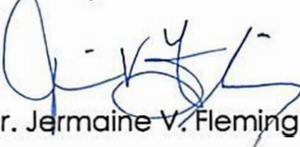
On December 8, 2022, Principals provided an appropriate action plan to ensure all required components of Part 2 were completed. The respective Teaching and Learning Director (Principal Supervisor) reviewed and approved the action plans. Additionally, the Teaching and Learning Director will review any future closed monitoring plan with a member of the Behavioral Threat Assessment team.

### **Transferred Students: Continuation of Intervention Services**

The Teaching and Learning Superintendents and Directors will review required procedures with the identified principals. The identified principals have created an action plan to ensure that students are identified upon registration and a staff member at identified locations are assigned to review EdPlan for any active monitoring plan. Those action plans have been reviewed and approved by the appropriate Teaching and Learning Superintendent and Director. The Teaching and Learning Director will conduct routine fidelity checks of the action plans and take the appropriate administrative action for non-compliance with the plans.

By way of this communication, the Teaching and Learning Superintendents express our commitment to the appropriate and timely application of the threat assessment protocols for all the schools and associated programs in this district. The audit report has provided tangible data and evidence that will aid us in providing the appropriate support to our schools. The safety and security of our students and community are paramount.

Sincerely,



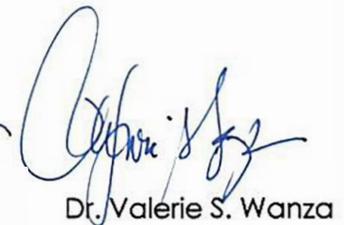
Dr. Jermaine V. Fleming



Darius Adamson  
Teaching and Learning Superintendents



Alan I. Strauss  
Teaching and Learning Superintendents



Dr. Valerie S. Wanza

MD/JVF/DA/AS/VSW:spr

- c: Extended Cabinet Members  
North Region Office Leadership Team  
Central Region Office Leadership Team  
South Region Office Leadership Team  
Associate Superintendent Office Leadership Team

**Office of Safety, Security and Emergency Preparedness**

**Jaime Alberti, Chief Safety & Security Officer**

600 Southeast Third Avenue

Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301

phone: 754-321-2655 • fax: 754-321-2704

[jaime.alberti@browardschools.com](mailto:jaime.alberti@browardschools.com)

[www.browardschools.com](http://www.browardschools.com)

January 18, 2023

TO: Joris Jabouin, Chief Auditor  
Office of the Chief Auditor

FROM: Jaime Alberti, Chief Safety and Security Officer  
Office of Safety, Security and Emergency Preparedness

SUBJECT: **RESPONSE TO RSM BEHAVIORAL THREAT ASSESSMENT AUDIT RESULTS FOR 2022-23 SY - QUARTER 1**

This correspondence comes as a response to the RSM Compliance Audit for Threat Assessment Procedures for the 2022 – 2023 SY for Quarter 1. I have reviewed the findings of this audit with Executive Director Lozano, and there were several areas of improvement that were highlighted in this audit:

- Attribute 1 improved from a fail rate of 7% down to 3%
- Attribute 3 showed an improvement in the fail rate from 18% down to 3%
- Attribute 4 showed an improvement in the fail rate from 37% down to 19%
- Attribute 5A showed an improvement in the fail rate from 14% down to 3%
- Attribute 8 showed an improvement in the fail rate from 6% down to 3%
- Attribute 11 showed an improvement fail rate 9% down to 6%
- Attribute 13 showed an improvement in the fail rate of 57% down to 4%
- Attribute 18 showed an improvement in the fail rate of 23% down to 11%

The findings from this audit, clearly indicate that the creation of our Behavioral Threat Assessment Department has had a direct impact on the institutional knowledge of how to properly conduct a threat assessment. The training, coaching, and mentoring that our BTA department has been able to push in thus far, is generating a District-wide problem-solving network of BTA professionals who feel supported by our team. The BTA Department will continue to engage in discussions with school leadership to ensure the accuracy and thoroughness of our threat assessments continue to reflect best practices.

For additional information, please contact **Jaime Alberti, Chief Safety, Security, and Emergency Preparedness via email at [jaime.alberti@browardschools.com](mailto:jaime.alberti@browardschools.com)**

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**Dr. Marilyn A. Doyle**  
**Deputy Superintendent of Teaching & Learning**

600 Southeast Third Avenue  
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301  
phone: 754-321-2100 • fax: 754-321-2701  
www.browardschools.com

January 18, 2023

To: Joris Jabouin, Chief Auditor  
Office of the Chief Auditor

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Dr. Vickie L. Cartwright  
Superintendent of Schools

Re: **RESPONSE TO 22-23 Q1 RSM BEHAVIORAL THREAT ASSESSMENT AUDIT**

This correspondence comes as a response to the 2022-2023 first quarter RSM Compliance Audit for Threat Assessment Procedures. I have reviewed the findings, recommendations, and leadership responses and shared the comprehensive report with my leadership team. The Teaching and Learning Division understands the seriousness of completing threat assessments with 100% accuracy. I would like to acknowledge the improvements made by our Principals and Directors from the March-June 2022 audit and I will continue to work with the Associate Superintendent and Regional Superintendents to ensure 100% compliance with Policy 4380, Behavior Threat Assessment. I was encouraged that thirteen (13) attributes showed an improvement in practice from the prior audit.

My division will work collaboratively with our colleagues in the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department to ensure our school leaders receive the appropriate training and support in complying with the processes and procedures outlined in Policy 4380, Behavior Threat Assessment. The Behavioral Threat Assessment Department will conduct ongoing presentations throughout the year during level principal meetings, assistant principal meetings, and operational meetings. A Director of Teaching and Learning will represent our division at the weekly threat assessment meeting with our colleagues in the Office of Academics, Student Services, and Safety, Security, and Emergency Preparedness.

Throughout the 2022 – 2023 school year, my division reviews the data shared by the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department and follows up with school administrators to ensure any areas of concern are rectified immediately. My team reaches out to the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department to coordinate additional support to schools identified as needing additional training or guidance.

During the January 9, 2023, All Principals Meeting, the Behavioral Threat Assessment Department will review the audit findings and recommendations from this audit to ensure accuracy and compliance with threat assessments. My division is committed to ensuring threat assessments are conducted with fidelity and monitoring/safety plans are implemented effectively. We look

forward to our continued partnership with our colleagues who support us in this work. Thank you for assisting my division in supporting this important work.

Sincerely,



Dr. Marilyn A. Doyle  
Deputy Superintendent, Teaching & Learning

MAD:jjk

c: Jaime Alberti, Chief Safety and Security Officer  
Nicole Mancini, Ed.D., Chief Academic Officer  
Teaching & Learning Superintendents

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## APPENDIX III: BTA POLICY 4380



## POLICY NO. 4380

### **BEHAVIORAL THREAT ASSESSMENT (BTA)**

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD COUNTY (SBBC), FLORIDA IS COMMITTED TO PROTECTING ITS STUDENTS, EMPLOYEES, AND MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNITY. IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT DISTRICTWIDE VIOLENCE PREVENTION BE IN PLACE TO FOSTER A LEARNING ENVIRONMENT THAT PROMOTES A CULTURE OF SAFETY, RESPECT, TRUST, AND SOCIAL/EMOTIONAL SUPPORT, WHILE ALSO PROTECTING STUDENTS AND STAFF FROM CONDUCT THAT POSES AN ACTUAL OR PERCEIVED THREAT TO SELF OR OTHERS. THE BEHAVIORAL THREAT ASSESSMENT (BTA) POLICY SHALL BE INTERPRETED AND APPLIED CONSISTENTLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS, AND THE BOARD'S COLLECTIVE-BARGAINING AGREEMENTS. THE POLICY WAS DEVELOPED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LEGISLATION ENACTED BY THE STATE OF FLORIDA (MARJORY STONEMAN DOUGLAS HIGH SCHOOL PUBLIC SAFETY ACT, SB 7026), ESTABLISHED RESEARCH, AND RECOGNIZED STANDARDS OF PRACTICE REGARDING THREAT ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT IN SCHOOL SETTINGS. THE OUTCOME OF A BTA IS NOT USED AS A PRIMARY DETERMINATION OF A DISCIPLINE CONSEQUENCE FOR A STUDENT.

#### **SECTION I: DEFINITIONS**

- A. A **threat** is communication or behavior that indicates that an individual poses a danger to the safety of school staff or students through acts of violence or other behavior that would cause harm to self or others.
  - a. The threat may be expressed/communicated behaviorally, orally, visually, in writing, electronically, or through any other means.
  - b. The communication and/or behavior is considered a threat regardless of whether it is observed by or communicated directly to the target of the threat; observed by or communicated to a third party, and regardless of whether the target of the threat is aware of the threat.
- B. A **behavioral threat assessment** is a systematic process that is designed to identify situations/persons of concern, investigate and gather information, and assess and manage the situation in order to mitigate risk.
- C. An **aberrant behavior** is that which is atypical for the person or situation and causes concern for the safety or well-being of those involved. Aberrant behavior for an individual involves actions, statements, communications or responses that are unusual for the person or situation; or actions which could lead to violence toward self or others; or are reasonably perceived as threatening or causing concern for the well-being of the person. These can include (but are not limited to):
  - a. Unusual social distancing or isolation of subjects from peers and family

persons.

- b. Sullen or depressed behavior from an otherwise friendly and positive person.
  - c. Out of context outbursts of verbal or physical aggression.
  - d. Increased levels of agitation, frustration and anger.
  - e. Confrontational, accusatory, or blaming behavior.
  - f. An unusual interest in or fascination with weapons; and/or
  - g. Fixation on violence as means of addressing a grievance.
- D. An **imminent threat** exists when the person's behavior/situation poses a clear and immediate threat of violence toward self or others that requires containment and action to protect identified or identifiable target(s); and may also exhibit behavior that requires intervention.
- E. **Substantive threats** are behaviors or statements that represent a risk of harm to others. They are characterized by qualities that reflect serious intent (such as planning and preparation, recruitment of accomplices, and acquisition of a weapon) or the intent is not clear.
- F. **Transient threats** include all threats that do not reflect a genuine intent to harm. They are often made in the heat of the moment and may be an expression of humor, rhetoric, anger, or frustration that can be easily resolved with an apology, retraction, or explanation by the person who made the threat. Transient threats can be provocative and disruptive, but from a threat assessment perspective, they do not reflect a real intent to harm others.
- G. An **unfounded/no threat** decision exists when, following a detailed account of the threat obtained by interviewing the person who made the threat, the intended victim, and other witnesses, a threat could not be corroborated or substantiated. It may also exist when the determination is made, based on the circumstances and the student's intentions, that there is no evidence of communication or behavior suggesting an intent to harm.
- H. A **behavioral threat assessment team** shall include, pursuant to Florida statute, persons with expertise in counseling, instruction, law enforcement, and school administration (principal when available). Persons with expertise in counseling include school counselors, school psychologists, school social workers, and family counselors. Additional personnel with knowledge of the child or circumstances may also serve as members of the team.

## **SECTION II: PURPOSE**

- A. The primary purpose of the BTA is to determine whether an individual poses a threat, to mitigate risks, and ensure safety. Its purpose is not to determine disciplinary intervention. However, information obtained through the BTA process may be used to inform disciplinary intervention.
- B. Each school principal shall identify a school based BTA team with the mandatory core team members and alternate core team members (e.g., additional assistant principals/administrators/social workers/instructional coaches/law enforcement/other appropriate staff) before students report to school each year.

- C. All school-based administrators and BTA team members must attend and complete mandatory district threat assessment trainings annually.
- D. All threats of violence or physical harm to self or others shall be taken seriously, since the primary goal of threat assessment is the safety of all persons involved.
- E. School-based BTA teams shall adhere to the rules and responsibilities within this policy with fidelity.

### **SECTION III: DISTRICT/SCHOOL ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

- A. The designated District School Safety Specialist shall ensure compliance with this policy.
- B. Each school principal shall identify members of a BTA team that includes persons with expertise in counseling, instruction, school administration, and law enforcement. Members will be trained on the roles and responsibilities of each team member.
- C. All school-based administrators and BTA team members must attend and complete mandatory, state-approved threat assessment trainings. Each team member's completion certificate must be uploaded to the designated electronic system.
  - a. Per 6A-1.0018(10), F.A.C., those members appointed during the 2021-22 school year must complete training within ninety (90) days of appointment. Beginning with the 2022-23 school year, all threat assessment team members must complete CSTAG training before the start of the school year.
  - b. Members appointed to threat assessment teams after the start of the any school year must complete CSTAG training withing ninety (90) day of appointment.
- D. All school-based administrators and BTA team members must complete an annual refresher course. The BTA team at each school must provide annual training and guidance to students and staff, on recognizing behaviors of concern, their roles, and responsibilities in reporting the behavior, and the various options for submitting a report, including anonymous reporting.
- E. School staff will inform the school community annually on recognizing concerning behaviors and the various options for reporting concerning behaviors, including anonymous reporting (e.g., FortifyFL, See Something, Say Something, Safer Watch).
- F. Parents of public-school students have a right to timely notification of threats, unlawful acts, and significant emergencies pursuant to s.1006.07.
- G. Each school principal must assign school-based staff members who can proactively monitor and respond to all incoming reports where safety is of concern.
- H. All SBBC employees, volunteers, and contractors/ vendors are expected to report to school administration any expressed threat(s) or behavior(s) that may represent a threat to the community, school, or self. Threats that are not easily recognized as harmless should be reported to the school administrator or other team member(s).

- I. Each BTA team must initiate a BTA, within 24 hours when school is in session, to any report of a threat or any patterns of behavior that may pose a threat to self or others. If school is not in session, and the school principal becomes aware of a threat or a pattern of behavior by a student that may pose a threat to self or others, he/she shall immediately refer the matter to law enforcement for evaluation, and the threat assessment team must meet no later than the end of the first day school is back in session to consider the matter and ensure it is resolved. Once school resumes the BTA core team must meet no later than the end of the first day. School teams must complete a monitoring plan if applicable. It is strongly recommended that all BTAs are finalized within 72 hours when school is in session. If the BTA is not finalized within 72 hours documentation should be entered into electronic management system explaining the extenuating circumstances.
- J. Each school-based threat assessment team must meet as often as needed to fulfill its duties of assessing and intervening with persons whose behavior may pose a threat to school staff or students, but no less than monthly. Threat assessment teams shall maintain documentation of their meetings, including dates and times, team members in attendance, cases discussed, and actions taken.
- K. Each district must ensure that all threat assessment teams in the district report by October 1 to the Office of Safe Schools on the team's activities during the previous school year. The District School Safety Specialist shall ensure all district schools timely report the information required by this paragraph by October 1 and report using the FSSAT.
  - a. For the 2021-22 school year, the information reported by each school threat assessment team shall include the total number of threat assessments conducted, the number of transient threats, and the number of substantive threats.
  - b. Beginning in the 2022-23 school year, the information submitted by each school threat assessment team shall include the gender, race, and grade level of all students assess by the threat assessment team

#### **SECTION IV: BTA TEAM RESPONSES**

- A. When assessing a potential threat or concerning behavior, an administrator and at least one other school based BTA team member must evaluate the threat by obtaining a detailed account of the threat, usually by interviewing the person who made the threat, the intended victim, and other witnesses. The initial key question is whether there is a communication or behavior that suggests an intent to harm someone.
  - a. If the answer is **no** (i.e., transient) the administrator and the previously selected BTA team member(s) will proceed to complete the required portions of the BTA process. However, even if there is no intent to harm, statements or behaviors may still merit attention, intervention, or services, which can be determined by the BTA Team or the appropriate school-

based team (e.g., Collaborative Problem-Solving (CPS) Team, Individualized Education Plan (IEP) team, etc.)

- b. For students deemed a threat to self, the BTA team members must ensure the student's immediate safety, then refer the student to the school-based suicide prevention designee. The suicide prevention designee will meet with the student and assess the severity of the risk following the Suicide Prevention Handbook guidelines.
  - c. If the answer is **yes** (i.e., substantive) and the preliminary determination by the BTA team members determines that a student poses a threat to others, all mandatory BTA team members (administrator, mental health professional, instructional employee, law enforcement, and additional personnel with knowledge of the student, when needed) are responsible for assessing the level of threat by following the state-approved threat assessment guidelines.
- B. Upon a determination by the BTA team members that a student poses a threat, all BTA threat determinations must be reported to the school principal or his/her administrative designee. The principal or his/her administrative designee will serve as the Superintendent's designee.
- C. Upon a determination by the BTA team members that a student poses a threat, the principal, or his/her administrative designee, who is participating in the BTA, shall immediately attempt to notify the student's parent or legal guardian. The principal or his/her administrative designee will serve as the Superintendent's designee.
- D. Upon a determination by the BTA team members that an individual poses a threat, authorized members of the BTA team may request and obtain criminal history record information, pursuant to s.985.04(1).
- a. No member of a BTA team shall re-disclose any criminal history record information or health information obtained or use any record of an individual beyond the purpose for which such disclosure was made to the threat assessment team.
  - b. The BTA team may **not** maintain the criminal history record or place it in the student's educational file.
  - c. The BTA team must consult with law enforcement when a student exhibits a pattern of behavior, based upon previous acts, or the severity of an act, that would pose a threat to school safety.
- E. The BTA team must coordinate resources to provide intervention to individuals whose behavior may pose a threat to the safety of school staff or students consistent with the model policies developed by the Office of Safe Schools.
- a. The BTA team must plan for the implementation and monitoring of appropriate interventions in order to manage or mitigate the student's risk for engaging in violence and increasing the likelihood of positive outcomes.
  - b. Interventions should remain in place until the BTA team assesses that the student is no longer in need of supports and does not pose a threat to self or others.

## **SECTION V: FOLLOW-UP AND INTERVENTIONS**

- A. BTA teams shall follow established procedures for referrals to school-based, community, and/or health care providers for mental health services, evaluation, or treatment.
- B. The school principal will review the documentation for all threat assessments to ensure completeness and fidelity. The school principal will acknowledge that the BTA documentation is complete. The principal supervisor will acknowledge that the principal has acknowledged the BTA.
- C. If an immediate mental health or substance abuse crisis is suspected, school personnel must follow policies to engage behavioral health crisis resources, including, but not limited to, mobile crisis teams and school resource officers, who have been trained in crisis intervention. These individuals shall provide emergency intervention and assessment, make recommendations, and refer the student for appropriate services.
  - a. Schools must make a reasonable attempt to notify the parents of a minor student before the student is removed from school, school transportation, or a school-sponsored activity for an involuntary mental health examination. “A reasonable attempt to notify” means the exercise of reasonable diligence and care by the principal or the principal’s designee to make contact with the student’s parent, guardian, or other known emergency contact whom the student’s parent or guardian has authorized to receive notification of an involuntary examination.
  - b. At a minimum, the principal or the principal’s designee must take the following actions:
    - i. Use available methods of communication to contact the student’s parent, guardian, or other known emergency contact, including but not limited to, telephone calls, text messages, e-mails, and voice mail messages following the decision to initiate an involuntary examination of the student.
    - ii. Document the method and number of attempts made to contact the student’s parent, guardian, or other known emergency contact, and the outcome of each attempt.
    - iii. A principal or his or her designee who successfully notifies any other known emergency contact may share only the information necessary to alert such contact that the parent or caregiver must be contacted. All such information must be in compliance with federal and state law.
  - c. The district will provide annual reporting requested by the Florida Department of Education’s Office of Safe Schools to include the number of involuntary examinations, as defined in s. 394.455, which are initiated at a school, on a school transportation, or at a school sponsored activity
- D. BTA teams shall contact other agencies involved with the student and any known service providers to share information and coordinate necessarily follow up. Any information from education records disclosed during this process shall be done in

accordance with The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (34 CFR §99.31(10), §99.36).

- E. The BTA team shall identify additional members of the school community to whom threatening behavior should be reported and provide guidance to students, faculty, and staff regarding recognition of threatening or aberrant behavior that may represent a threat to the community, school, or self.
- F. BTA records are considered education records and shall be maintained and released in accordance with FERPA and state statute. The BTA process is a substantive decision-making process and therefore is not subject to the amendment process as described in School Board Policy 5100.1(V). The BTA, its determination, along with any interventions provided, will be recorded in the appropriate electronic data systems by the threat assessment team. Additionally, these records will be transferred pursuant to School Board Policy 5100.2.
  - a. Upon the student's transfer to a different school, within the district, the threat assessment team shall verify that any intervention services provided to the student remain in place until the threat assessment team of the receiving school independently determines the need for intervention services. The receiving school-based administrator will receive an alert and must follow up with the intervention implementation within 72 hours. F.S. §1003.25 requires the records to be transferred to include verified reports of serious recurrent behavior patterns, including BTA and interventions, psychological evaluations, therapeutic treatment plans and therapy and progress notes created by school.
  - b. Upon notification of the student's transfer to an out-of-district school, the BTA team will confirm that intervention services remain available, as applicable, until the BTA team of the receiving school independently determines the need for intervention services. Transfer of student records will occur upon request from another district or parent/guardian.
- G. In addition to the BTA activities, disciplinary action and referral to law enforcement are to occur as required by law and school board policies.
  - a. If a student is facing possible expulsion or suspension as a consequence of certain actions, the school should consider ways in which these can be safely enacted and identify resources that may assist the student during this time. In addition, alternatives to expulsion or referral to law enforcement agencies may be used, unless the use of such alternatives will pose a threat to school safety.
- H. Nothing in this policy shall preclude school personnel from acting immediately to address an imminent threat and to report to the school principal, and/or his/her administrative designee, that an individual poses a threat of violence or physical harm to self or others.
  - a. Where an immediate threat to life or physical safety exists, reports must result in an immediate notification to law enforcement.
- I. The Chief Auditor will conduct annual audits, in compliance with this policy, and report findings to the Audit Committee and The School Board.

Policy Custodian: Office of Academics

Authority: 20 U.S.C. §1232g; F.S. §1001.41; F.S. § 1006.07

Laws Implemented: 34 C.F.R. §99.31(10); 34 C.F.R. §99.36; F.S. § 394.455;  
F.S. §491.018; F.S. § 985.04; F.S. §1003.25; F.S. §1006.07(7); F.S. §1006.13; Rule  
6A-1.0018, Florida Administrative Code

History:       Adopted: 3/5/2019  
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                  Amended: 5/17/2022

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## APPENDIX IV: BTA PROCEDURES MANUAL

# **Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA)**

## **Procedures Manual**



**The School Board of Broward County, Florida**

For the most current version, please use electronic BTA manual located at:

<http://browardschools.com/mentalhealth>

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# BEHAVIORAL THREAT ASSESSMENT

## INTRODUCTION

On February 14, 2018, seventeen innocent lives were lost, and many others were physically injured and emotionally impacted as a result of a school shooting at Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School, a school in Broward County, Florida. Following this tragedy, new state legislation and district policy regarding school safety and threat assessment were developed and enacted. *Florida Senate Bill 7026 Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School Public Safety Act* (SB 7026) took effect on March 9, 2018 and was amended on May 9, 2019 (SB 7030). On March 5, 2019, the School Board of Broward County adopted the *Behavioral Threat Assessment Policy* (SBBC 2130). Each of these highlighted the importance of ensuring fidelity to high-quality threat assessment procedures through accountability and on-going professional development.

Broward Schools has had a mandated set of procedures for violence prevention and threat assessment. The district's approach to violence prevention and threat assessment was initiated in 2002, with the writing of the first edition of the *Threat Assessment Procedures Manual*. Since this first edition, the manual was revised regularly (2008, 2012, 2017). The district's approach to violence prevention contained three components. The first two components were comprised of a *Warning Signs* presentation and the *Silence Hurts: Safe Zone Listeners* campaign to help prevent violence in the schools by catching problems early through identifying students who may be at-risk for violent behavior. These violence prevention efforts helped create a system which could receive, record, and disseminate information from students about suspected threats in schools. As the third component of the district's approach, the Threat Assessment Process was designed as a three-stage process. This process historically included an initial response to threats, screening steps to assist in determining threat level, and in-depth assessment to further aid in the development of supervision and action plans.

Best practices and continuous improvement in the district's threat assessment approach has been a primary goal since the draft of the first *Threat Assessment Procedures Manual* in 2002. A crucial component of preventing targeted violence at schools relies on developing positive school climates built on a culture of safety, respect, trust, and social and emotional support. Students in a safe and supportive learning environment feel empowered to share concerns with adults. Going forward, violence prevention across the district encompasses multi-departmental programs, initiatives, and campaigns which promote social-emotional competence as well as psychological and physical safety in schools. These include *Sandy Hook Promise*, *social-emotional learning (SEL)*, *Bullying Prevention*, *Silence Hurts*, and *Warning Signs: Safe Zone Listeners*. The district's behavioral threat assessment procedures incorporate the most updated recommendations from the Florida Department of Education's Office of Safe Schools, and national leaders in threat assessment, such as the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), the U.S. Secret Service, the Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS). Finally, the need for increased accountability has provided the impetus for developing an electronic database for the documentation and monitoring of threat assessments across the district, a new component of the district's process. With the goal of maintaining safe and secure schools, the *Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) Procedures Manual 2022 Revision* will outline and provide guidance to school and district staff on the most current threat assessment policies and procedures for Broward County Public Schools, Florida.

# CHAPTER 1: THE SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD COUNTY'S THREAT ASSESSMENT POLICY (SBBC 2130)

Behavioral Threat Assessment Policy (*SBBC 2130*) (8) was written in accordance with state legislation (9, 10), established research, and recognized standards of practice regarding threat assessment and management in school settings. The policy also provides guidance and important definitions to establish consistency and common language among district BTA team members.

## Definitions

- A. A **threat** is communication or behavior that indicates that an individual poses a danger to the safety of school staff or students through acts of violence or other behavior that would cause harm to self or others.
  - a. The threat may be expressed/communicated behaviorally, orally, visually, in writing, electronically, or through any other means.
  - b. The communication and/or behavior is considered a threat regardless of whether it is observed by or communicated directly to the target of the threat; observed by or communicated to a third party, and regardless of whether the target of the threat is aware of the threat.
- B. A **behavioral threat assessment** is a systematic process that is designed to identify situations/persons of concern, investigate and gather information, and assess and manage the situation in order to mitigate risk.
- C. An **aberrant behavior** is that which is atypical for the person or situation and causes concern for the safety or well-being of those involved. Aberrant behavior for an individual involves actions, statements, communications or responses that are unusual for the person or situation; or actions which could lead to violence toward self or others; or are reasonably perceived as threatening or causing concern for the well-being of the person. These can include (but are not limited to):
  - a. Unusual social distancing or isolation of subjects from peers and family members;
  - b. Sullen or depressed behavior from an otherwise friendly and positive person;
  - c. Out of context outbursts of verbal or physical aggression;
  - d. Increased levels of agitation, frustration and anger;
  - e. Confrontational, accusatory, or blaming behavior;
  - f. An unusual interest in or fascination with weapons; and/or
  - g. Fixation on violence as means of addressing a grievance.
- D. An **imminent threat** exists when the person's behavior/situation poses a clear and immediate threat of violence toward self or others that requires containment and action to protect identified or identifiable target(s); and may also exhibit behavior that requires intervention.
- E. **Substantive threats** are behaviors or statements that represent a risk of harm to others. They are characterized by qualities that reflect serious intent (such as planning and preparation, recruitment of accomplices, and acquisition of a weapon) or the intent is not clear.
- F. **Transient threats** include all threats that do not reflect a genuine intent to harm. They are often made in the heat of the moment and may be an expression of humor, rhetoric, anger, or frustration that can be easily resolved with an apology, retraction, or explanation by the person who made the threat. Transient threats can be provocative and disruptive, but from a threat assessment perspective, they do not reflect a real intent to harm others.
- G. An **unfounded/no threat** decision exists when, following a detailed account of the threat obtained by interviewing the person who made the threat, the intended victim, and other witnesses, a threat could not be corroborated or substantiated. It may also exist when the determination is made, based on the circumstances and the student's intentions, that there is no evidence of communication or behavior suggesting an intent to harm.

H. A **behavioral threat assessment team** shall include, pursuant to Florida statute, persons with expertise in counseling, instruction, school administration, principal, when available, and law enforcement\*. Persons with expertise in counseling include school counselors, school psychologists, school social workers, and family counselors. Additional personnel with knowledge of the child or circumstances may also serve as members of the team.

*\*In Broward County Public Schools, Armed Safe School Officers-Marshals/Guardians are not law enforcement officers. Therefore, they do not fulfill the law enforcement requirement.*

### **Key Highlights**

- All school-based administrators and threat assessment team members must attend and complete mandatory district behavioral threat assessment trainings annually. Members will be trained on the roles and responsibilities of each team member. Each mandatory team member shall report their completion of this requirement to their supervisor.
- The team must provide annual training and guidance to students, staff, and parents on recognizing behaviors of concern, the roles and responsibilities in reporting the behavior, and the various options for submitting a report, including anonymous reporting.
- All SBBC employees, volunteers, and contractors are required to report to school administration any expressed threat(s) or behavior(s) that may represent a threat to the community, school, or self.
- Each school principal must assign school-based staff members who can proactively monitor and respond to all incoming reports where safety is of concern.
- Each threat assessment team **must respond, within 24 hours when school is in session**, to any report of a threat or any patterns of behavior that may pose a threat to self or others. If school is not in session, and the school principal becomes aware of a threat or a pattern of behavior by a student that may pose a threat to self or others, he/she shall immediately refer the matter to law enforcement for evaluation, and the threat assessment team must meet no later than the end of the first day school is back in session to consider the matter and ensure it is resolved.
- Behavioral threat assessment team members shall follow established procedures for referrals to school-based, community, and/or healthcare providers for mental health services, evaluation, or treatment.
- If an immediate mental health or substance abuse crisis is suspected, school personnel shall follow policies to engage behavioral health crisis resources, including, but not limited to, mobile crisis teams and school resources officers, who have been trained in crisis intervention.
- Where an immediate threat to life or physical safety exists, reports must result in an immediate notification to law enforcement.
- The threat assessment team must consult with law enforcement when a student exhibits a pattern of behavior, based upon previous acts, or the severity of an act, that would pose a threat to school safety.
- Upon a preliminary determination by the behavioral threat assessment team that an individual poses a threat, members of the behavioral threat assessment team may request and obtain criminal history record information. No member of the team shall redisclose or use such information beyond the purpose for which such disclosure was intended.
- Regardless of threat assessment activities, disciplinary action and referral to law enforcement are to occur as required by law and school board policies.

**Please refer to SBBC Policy 2130 (8) for further information related to the key roles and responsibilities related to school-based Behavioral Threat Assessments.**

## CHAPTER 2: THREAT ASSESSMENT BEST PRACTICES AND CONSIDERATIONS

The procedures detailed in this manual were developed in accordance with legislation and policies enacted by the State of Florida and the District, as well as nationally recognized standards of practice regarding threat assessment and management. This chapter outlines the essential framework for threat assessment teams to conduct behavioral threat assessments.

### Pathways to Violence

The Behavioral Threat Assessment Center (BTAC), housed within the FBI's National Center for the Analysis of Violent Crime (NCAVC), is an international leader in threat assessment and management. Their publication, *Making Prevention a Reality: Identifying, Assessing, and Managing the Threat of Targeted Attacks*, provides an overview of scientific research on violence prevention and risk factors indicative of a potential for violence. Below is an overview of the research compiled by BTAC (1) on the pathways that lead a person of concern towards violence.

Most people learn to process and cope with negative experiences through healthy responses. Individuals most at risk for perpetrating targeted violence, however, are brittle, tending to obsess over injustices and are unable to withstand rejections or triggering events. Generally, the more stressors and triggers that exist in a person's life, the more difficult it becomes to cope. A stressor can be anything in the person of concern's life that causes tension or anxiety and can include:

- School/work-related failure or disappointment
- An unhappy home environment
- Financial distress
- Material, relational, or status losses in family, intimate/peer, occupational and self-image
- Potential future events, such as divorce, terminal illnesses, chronic pain/health issues

Years of research suggests that an individual on a path towards violence tends to cover a series of steps. However, pathways are not identical for every person of concern. The process may be linear through a certain sequence of steps or steps may be co-mingled. Time spent at each step may vary. Most often, deeply held grievances are the first step on the pathway to violence. Motivators can also include the need for revenge for a perceived injury or other grievance, quest for justice (as defined by offender), desire for notoriety or recognition, desire to solve a problem perceived to be unbearable, and/or a desire to kill or be killed.

Generally, an individual's pathway to violence may include the following:

- Grievance (i.e., personal grievance or humiliation based upon real or imagined injustices)
- Ideation (i.e., idea that violence is an acceptable, or the only, means to achieve redress)
- Research and Planning (i.e., when, how, where, etc.)
- Preparation (i.e., equipment, skills, resources)
- Breach (i.e., circumvention of security measures at target location prior to attack)
- Attack (i.e., preplanned or opportunistically chosen targets)

## Risk Factors and Warning Behaviors

Whether or not an individual has made a direct threat should not be a driving factor in the decision to proceed with threat assessment; waiting until direct threats are made can be a grave mistake. According to available research, most offenders do not necessarily make direct threats towards specific targets but rather display identifiable indicators of violent intent prior to perpetrating an attack. While an expression of intent to inflict harm is a clear identifier, a person who poses a threat may also be identified by an analysis of risk factors and other concerning warning behaviors that needs further exploration. *Risk factors* enhance the threat that someone may pose. These include but are not limited to:

- A history of violence (i.e., history of past violence, childhood exposure to violence, past involvement with law enforcement)
- Health/mental health factors (i.e., substance use, personality disturbance, severe mental illness, history of suicidality, organized behavior)
- Weapons (i.e., access/familiarity/fascination with firearms, stabbing instrument, explosives)
- Problematic behavioral history (i.e., history of stalking, harassing, threatening behavior, or non-compliant behavior)
- Lack of social/environmental positive supports (i.e., unhealthy support system, isolation, instability)

Predicting the exact occurrence or timing of an occurrence of violence is not possible. However, certain identifiable warning behaviors warrant particular attention in gauging whether an act of violence may occur. *Warning behaviors* are changes in patterns of behavior that suggest increasing or accelerating risk for violence. These can also help to assess the potential imminence of a violent event. Outward behavior should be regarded as a manifestation of someone's state of mind. When behaviors exhibited by the person of concern cause fear in others, people should take notice. Warning behaviors can include:

- Person of concern engages in research, planning, and/or preparation (e.g., researching/obtaining weapons, selecting potential targets, conducting a rehearsal, engaging in an attack).
- Fixation warning behaviors such as an increasing preoccupation with a person or cause.
- Fascination with violence and/or weapons, military or law enforcement paraphernalia, suggesting a warrior mentality and a desire to copycat previous attackers.
- Acts of aggression committed for the first time in an effort to test one's ability, such as animal cruelty, assault, firearm discharge, arson, vandalism, or rehearsed violence with inanimate objects.
- Leaked information to a third-party regarding thoughts, characterized by overt threats or by indirect expressions, can provide clues regarding an individuals' thoughts, feelings, or an intention to harm.
- Implicit or explicit communications of a desire to do harm/kill.
- An approach or attempt to gain proximity to an intended target through trespassing, stalking, burglaries, or other criminal mischief, as escalation, pre-attack surveillance, or a final act of preparation.
- A burst of energy in would-be offenders, such as frequent trips, errands, purchases, or communications, has been noted to occur in the hours, days, or weeks prior to a targeted violence incident.
- End of life planning or terminal behaviors that may indicate last resort thinking and a plan to end one's life in the near future.
- Other last resort behaviors can include communications or actions indicating increasing desperation or distress, such as indicating that time is running out, exhibiting drastic changes in appearance, or a sudden onset of reckless behaviors.
- Sudden cessations of medications or other substance use or sudden withdrawal from typical life patterns or obligations can signal that a person is making final preparations for an attack.

## Mitigators

*Mitigators* are protective factors that may prevent or inhibit a person of concern from thinking about or carrying out an act of targeted violence. Threat assessment teams should consider the following possible inhibiting factors:

- Pursuit of non-violent, legally and socially sanctioned methods of conflict resolution
- Sense of humor
- Positive, realistic future short and long-term goals
- Persons, things, or circumstances of sufficient value to the person that reduce the likelihood of violence
- Supportive family (e.g., provides healthy structure/supervision)
- Healthy social supports (e.g., positive influences, religious affiliations, community group/club)
- Positive coping mechanisms (e.g., exercise, healthy interests, hobbies)
- Access and receptiveness to assistance (e.g., mental health, financial, medical)
- “On the radar” for violence prevention (i.e., individual has been previously identified as a person of concern and is the focus of an effective support plan)

### Best Practices in Threat Assessment

The goal of the threat assessment process is to be preventative, not punitive (12). For this reason, the procedures outlined in this manual are based on best practice guidelines in the prevention of violence and threat assessment. The *Comprehensive School Threat Assessment Guidelines* (CSTAG) incorporate recommendations made by the Secret Service’s National Threat Assessment Center (NTAC) and the FBI’s BTAC (3, 4). Furthermore, the Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS) and the Florida Department of Education (FLDOE) have provided model policies and procedures to help local school boards establish and operate threat assessment teams, developed using a synthesis of available research (5, 6, 12, 13). Collectively, these resources provide research-based guidance for school threat assessment teams in the identification and reporting of threatening behavior, the assessment process, and management of prevention and safety plans.

### Barriers to Engagement

There are many barriers that teams may face to successful engagement in threat assessment, particularly during analysis of indicators of potential violence. Some of these barriers can include lack of knowledge regarding threat assessment policies and procedures, fatigue and desensitization of school-based teams, limitations to open communication among agencies, and misinformation regarding the impact of mental health factors (1). To overcome these barriers, a culture of shared responsibility in schools, workplaces, and other environments must empower bystanders witnessing warning behaviors to come forward to report concerns (1). This culture of shared responsibility is created by environments that foster positive connections and a sense of community. Safe school climates, which encourage positive, trusting relationships among classmates and their teachers and break down “codes of silence” are a crucial component of preventing targeted violence at schools (7).

### Research-Based Recommendations

A multidisciplinary threat assessment team must be established within schools. This team should include a variety of disciplines within the school community, a specifically designated leader (e.g., principal or administrative designee), clear protocols and procedures, and regular opportunities for collaboration and meetings (7). The designated leader shall initiate an initial inquiry/triage upon receiving a threat report (13). The leader may

designate a subset of team members for additional data collection (13). Defined roles and responsibilities of team members during this process may include review of threatening behavior/communications, review of records, and conducting interviews (13). Determination of the seriousness of a threat shall be made expeditiously and in consultation with threat assessment team members (13). All team members should work collaboratively, communicate actively with each other, and have the opportunity to review cases to ensure concerns have been adequately addressed (13).

All threats should be taken seriously and thoroughly investigated to determine level of concern. Even threats made anonymously and/or through electronic communication should be assessed. It is critically important to gather as much information as possible. At times, information will simply not be available due to factors such as legal or logical impediments, but generally speaking there is often a great deal of information which can be accumulated in an effort to truly understand what is happening with a person of concern. Preliminary assessments can sometimes be offered pending development of additional information. Law enforcement should be notified immediately in the event of an imminent threat. Research on best practices (1, 3, 4, 7, 13) suggests the following as critical to successful threat assessment:

- The continuum of identifiable indicators of violent intent, or warning behaviors, should be well defined.
- Reporting mechanisms should be known, easy to understand and use, and ideally offer a variety of means to report threats, including anonymous reporting.
- The school community should feel confident that reports will be taken seriously, kept confidential, and handled appropriately.
- Building rapport can facilitate information-gathering efforts. Threat assessment team members should demonstrate that their goal is to support individuals who may be struggling, while ensuring that the student and school are safe. When teams have established this rapport, parents or guardians may be more likely to share their own concerns, and the student may be more forthcoming about frustrations, needs, goals, or plans.
- Documentation of reports made, information gathered, and intervention strategies taken should be maintained.
- Regular training for all stakeholders should take place, including faculty, staff, administrators, students, parents, and law enforcement.

Once a threat report has been received, BTA procedures should incorporate the following steps (1, 3, 4, 7, 13):

- Threat assessments should begin with collecting information from a variety of sources. This includes interviews with the student of concern, people familiar with the student, review of formal academic, disciplinary, or law enforcement records, and consideration of social media postings.
- Second, information regarding risk factors, warning behaviors, and threat mitigators should be analyzed in the context of the student of concern's age and social/emotional development to determine credibility and seriousness of the threat.
- Third, the team should respond to all substantive threats with protective actions, including protecting potential victims and implementing conflict resolution strategies.
- Fourth, the team should respond to all very serious substantive threats by determining the need for mental health services and counseling, law enforcement involvement, and a safety plan. Risk management for a student of concern should include a carefully planned, individualized intervention strategy, or a series of interventions, resources to assist the student, as well as some level of monitoring.

## Considerations for Determination of Risk Level

Threat assessment is ultimately concerned with whether the student poses a threat, not whether the student has made a threat. Threat assessment must consider not only the student who makes the threat, but the total context of the threat. This includes the situation in which the threat was made and what the student intended by making the threat. Many times, a student will make a threatening statement without a substantive intent to harm anyone (4). In other words, any student can make a threat, but relatively few will engage in behavior that indicates the planning and preparation necessary to carry out the threat. Threat assessment aims to determine how serious the threat is and then what should be done about it (4).

The following definitions must be considered when BTA teams are making their risk level determinations:

- **Unfounded/No Threat:** Following a threat assessment, the threat could not be corroborated or substantiated.
- **Transient:** Threats where there is not a sustained intent to harm. Threat may have been made in the heat of the moment as an expression of anger, frustration, or humor.
- **Serious Substantive:** Threat where the intent to harm is present and included a threat to hit or fight. There is at least some risk that the person will carry out the threat and requires protective action.
- **Very Serious Substantive:** Threat where the intent to harm is present and included a threat to kill, rape, shoot, or injure with a weapon. There is at least some risk that the person will carry out the threat and requires protective action.

Objective and multifaceted threat assessment is always necessary when a report is received because there is no demographic profile for a targeted violence offender (1, 7). Behavioral threat assessment teams must consider the totality of risk factors, warning behaviors, stressors, precipitating events, and protective factors present in a person of concern's life. A person may be of particular concern due to individual qualities that include a unique combination of these factors. Once the team has gathered all available information, they can begin to assess level of risk. The team will determine whether a threat is *unfounded* or whether a student poses a *transient*, *serious substantive*, or *very serious substantive threat* of risk and recommend appropriate management strategies. Human judgement, applied to the totality of circumstances surrounding the threat, must drive the threat assessment team's ultimate decision on level of concern. The level of risk a student poses can change over time due to the evolving nature of warning behaviors, surrounding circumstances, and attempted interventions (1).

Distinguishing among unfounded/transient versus substantive threats is critical to the determination of appropriate responses to threat reports. *Transient threats* are threats that can be easily resolved and do not reflect a real intent to harm others. In a school setting, many transient threats are expressions of humor, anger, frustration or fear that can be disruptive but do not represent a serious concern. The person may retract the threat or offer an explanation and/or apology that indicates no future intent to harm. According to the CSTAG model, *substantive threats*, in contrast, reflect a serious intent to harm others (3, 4). These typically include warning behaviors such as planning and preparation, recruitment of accomplices, and acquisition of a weapon (3, 4). Since all substantive threats by definition are serious threats, the guidelines distinguish between threats that are *serious* versus *very serious* (3, 4). Even though a person could sustain a severe injury from any kind of assault, for threat assessment purposes the only substantive threats to be classified as *very serious* are those having the greatest risk of severe injury (3, 4). The classification of a *very serious substantive threat* is reserved for only the most serious and dangerous threat situations (3, 4). **It is expected that a school would have few or no cases of very serious substantive threats each year (3, 4).**

An additional consideration for threat assessment teams is that they may observe behavioral changes in the person of concern if he/she becomes aware of the threat assessment process. At times, when persons of concern become aware of the threat assessment process the following behavioral changes may be observed: deception, hiding behaviors, acceleration of their plan, or increased feelings of persecution. Sometimes threat management involves the recommendation for suspension or expulsion from school. When this is necessary, teams and school administrators should consider how it might affect their ability to monitor the student. Removing a student from school does not eliminate the risk to the school community. Teams should develop strategies to stay connected to the suspended or expelled student to determine whether the student's situation is deteriorating or if the behaviors of concern are escalating so that they can respond appropriately. Overall, looking at behavioral changes and their meaning is important. Therefore, the response to the intervention or support plan will likely require ongoing monitoring and revisions, as needed (1).

### **Considerations for People with Disabilities**

Threat assessments must be conducted for all students (non-disabled students and students with disabilities). Threat assessment teams often have questions regarding whether a person's disability is contributing to their potential for violence. Most people with disabilities do not commit violent acts (1). However, the likelihood of violence is slightly greater for someone with a serious mental illness, particularly psychotic disorders, than for someone who is not so afflicted (1). Even if the beliefs articulated by a person of concern seem clearly delusional, it is important to assess how capable the person may be of acting out violently or how fixated the person is on resolving a grievance. Overall, threat assessment and threat management is an intertwined, dynamic process with mental disorder symptoms and diagnoses being several pieces in a larger puzzle (1).

Threat assessment must always be based on an individualized process (13). A determination that a person with a disability poses a direct threat should not be based on generalizations or stereotypes about the effects of a particular disability (13). Threat assessment teams should direct their attention to symptoms and behaviors, rather than formal diagnoses, for purposes of assessing violence concern (1). Students with emotional issues or developmental disorders may behave in a way that is maladaptive but might not be concerning or threatening because the behavior is a product of their diagnosis (7). Students with disabilities may lack an understanding of the consequences of their actions. Behaviors exhibited by a student with an identified disability need to be evaluated in the context of that diagnosis and the student's known baseline of behavior (7). When considering a serious mental illness, threat managers should assign a logical level of significance to it, based upon the nature of the observed symptoms, risk factors, and/or warning behaviors (1). If a student identified as having a disability exhibits maladaptive behaviors and/or behaviors of concern, the appropriate accommodations and/or services/interventions to address these behaviors must be documented in their educational plan (e.g., 504 Plan, IEP, FBA/PBIP).

Threat assessments may be intimidating for students, particularly those with special needs. When working with a person with a disability, it is important to use proper etiquette to interact most effectively, make the person feel comfortable, and obtain accurate information.

Below are some basic tips to follow (11):

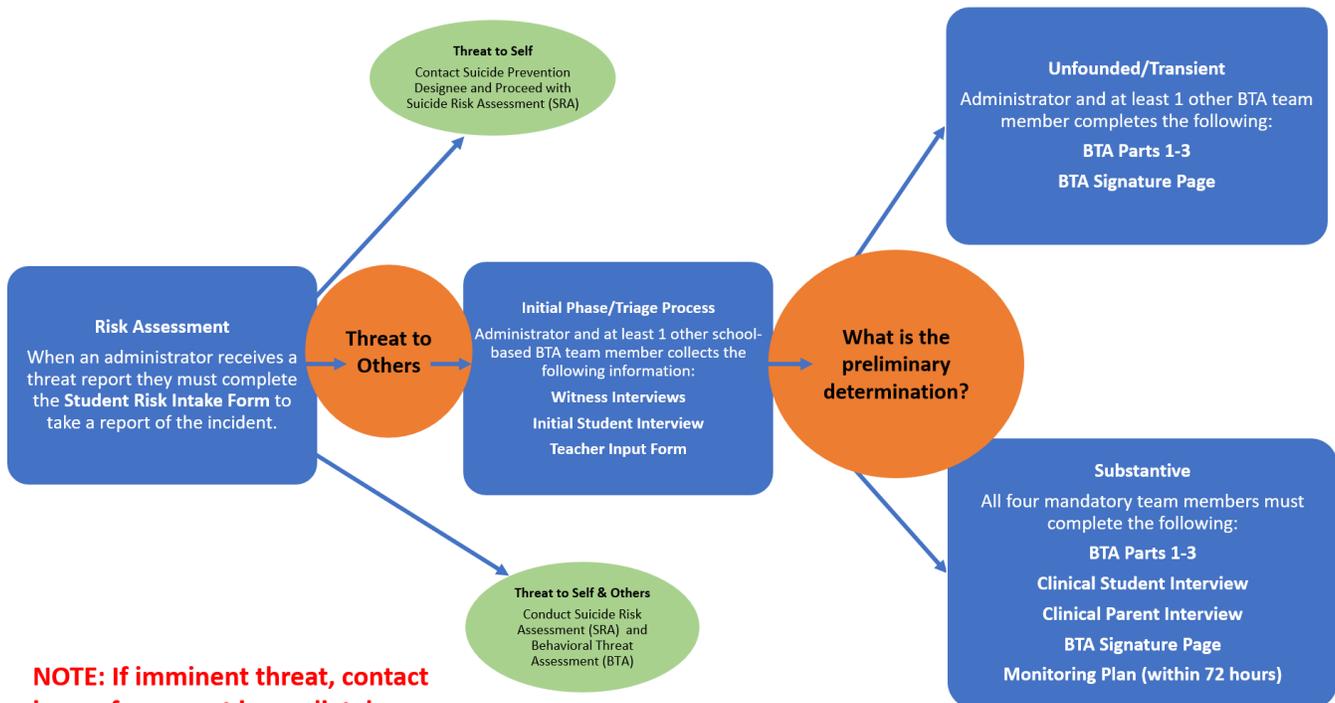
- Utilize adults who are familiar with the student's unique needs and levels of functioning.
- Stress, particularly for people with mental illness, can affect the person's ability to function. In a crisis, stay calm, supportive, and ask the person what will make them feel most comfortable.

- Consider the individual's sensory needs. It may be easier for the person to function in a quiet, small environment with soft lighting and without distractions.
- Give the person your full attention. Do not interrupt them or finish their sentences. Be patient and allow the person to take their time.
- Speak directly to, and make eye contact with, the person with a disability, not to their companion, aide, or sign language interpreter. Respect the person's manner of communication (e.g., sign language, written vs. oral, etc.) and allow for sufficient processing time.
- Rephrase, rather than repeat, sentences that the person does not understand.
- Gauge the pace, complexity, and vocabulary of your speech according to theirs.
- For people with developmental disabilities, speak in clear sentences, using simple words and concrete, rather than abstract, concepts. Break down complex ideas into smaller parts.
- People with developmental disabilities may be anxious to please and may tell you what they think you want to hear. Questions should be phrased in a neutral way to elicit accurate information. Verify responses by repeating each question in a different way.
- People with autism and other developmental disabilities often prefer predictable situations. It can be helpful to make sure plans and the interview agenda are concrete and presented in advance. Sudden changes and transitions may be difficult.
- Consider that the student may engage in some behaviors that may be interpreted as non-compliant but may be a product of the student's disability. Utilize strategies that typically work for the child in order to gain their cooperation

# CHAPTER 3: BEHAVIORAL THREAT ASSESSMENT (BTA) PROCEDURES

## Overview of BTA Procedures

Broward School’s BTA process involves: 1) gathering initial information about the incident, 2) collecting additional data through interviews and sources, 3) analysis and determination of risk level, and 4) creating a support and/or monitoring plan. The Initial Phase requires an administrator and at least one additional school-based team member to complete the [Triage Process](#). The corresponding school’s BTA team will use these procedures to evaluate the presence of factors that indicate whether violence might be a possibility and develop risk management strategies to reduce risk of violence. A completed BTA includes the following documents listed as



**NOTE: If imminent threat, contact law enforcement immediately.**

final within the EdPlan Documents tab:

- ✓ [Student Risk Intake Form](#)
- ✓ [Initial Student Interview](#)
- ✓ [Teacher Input Form](#)
- ✓ [Witness Interview\(s\)](#) (as applicable)
- ✓ Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA Part 1, Part 2, Part 3), including Signature Page

- ✓ [Clinical Student Interview](#) \*
- ✓ [Clinical Parent Interview](#) \*
- ✓ [Monitoring Plan](#) \*\*

*\*Required for Substantive threats; as needed for Unfounded/Transient threats.*

## **BTA PROCESS AT-A-GLANCE**

*The BTA Process At-A-Glance is an overview of the entire BTA process. Please utilize the pages that follow (pgs. 19 to 42) for step-by-step guidance related to each section listed below.*

### **RISK ASSESSMENT**

- Complete the **Student Risk Intake Form** for threats to self and/or others:
  - If the individual poses a threat of harm to others, follow BTA procedures below.
  - If the individual poses a threat of harm to self, refer to the Suicide Prevention Designee for the Suicide Risk Assessment (SRA) process.
  - In either case, take [\*immediate action\*](#) for imminent threats.

### **INITIAL PHASE/TRIAGE PROCESS**

- Administrator and at least one other school-based BTA team member will conduct Initial Student Interview, Witness Interview(s), and gather Teacher Input Form(s) to make a [preliminary determination if threat level may be unfounded/transient or substantive](#).
  - If the preliminary determination suggests that the threat is **unfounded/transient**, an administrator and at least 1 other team member complete the following [BTA process for unfounded/transient threats](#): a) BTA Parts 1-3 and b) Signature Page.
  - If the preliminary determination suggests that the threat is **substantive**, all 4 mandatory team members must participate to complete the following [BTA process for substantive threats](#): a) BTA Parts 1-3, b) Clinical Parent Interview, c) Clinical Student Interview, d) Signature Page, and e) Monitoring Plan.
- If at any point during the BTA process, data indicates that the threat may be substantive rather than unfounded/transient, all mandatory team members must participate and the [BTA process for substantive threats](#) must be followed.

### **BTA PART 1: INCIDENT INFORMATION**

- Incident Information:** Specific details about the incident, threat, and/or concern.

### **BTA PART 2: INTERVIEWS AND SOURCES**

- Interviews and Sources:** Select all interview forms completed and indicate names of interviewee/interviewer and dates/time. Conduct additional clinical interviews\* as needed.
- Record Review:** Review relevant records and specify person who reviewed the information.
- Attached Sources:** Upload/attach/store all relevant artifacts pertaining to the student's BTA.

### **BTA PART 3: ANALYSIS, RISK LEVEL, AND STUDENT SUPPORT PLAN**

- Analysis:** Answer 18 key questions to analyze [risk factors](#), [warning behaviors](#), and [mitigating circumstances](#) (consider all information collected in the Initial Phase/Triage process and in BTA Part 1 and Part 2).
- Observations Suggesting Need for Intervention:** Use as needed for intervention planning.
- Determination of Risk Level:** Determine [risk level](#) based on all information collected.
- Actions and Student Support Plan (SSP):** Select mandatory and additional action steps.
- Finalize BTA and upload the signature page.

### **MONITORING PLAN**

- Monitoring Plan\*:** For on-going monitoring of support/services.  
*\*Required for Substantive threats; as needed for Unfounded/Transient threats.*

## Risk Assessment

The Student Risk Intake Form is to be utilized to document the initial report of concern. The Student Risk Intake Form is the beginning of the process and will always lead to either a Behavioral Threat Assessment (BTA) and/or Suicide Risk Assessment (SRA). It is completed by a school-based administrator using information from the individual(s) making the report. This form must be listed as a finalized document on the EdPlan Documents tab.

### Student Risk Intake Form

#### *Information About the Incident*

- Today's Date
- Who reported this initial concern?
  - Reporter Name
  - Affiliation to School
  - Contact Number
- Who was this concern reported to?
  - Name of Individual
  - Affiliation to School
  - Contact Number
- Date/ Reported
- Time Reported (if known)
- Date Administrator Learned of Incident
- DMS Incident Number (if applicable)
- Date/Time of Incident
- Location of Incident

*Narrative Details:* Write a narrative below detailing the incident, threat to self, threat to others, and/or concerning behavior reported. Please include the location and time of the incident, threat, or concerning behavior. Determine if there are other individuals who witnessed the student engaging in threatening, aberrant, or concerning behavior. Where threats were communicated, quote where possible, and use quotation marks to indicate direct quote. Attach original documentation, if available, later in the BTA and/or SRA processes.

*Primary Target(s):* If a threat to others has been made, has the intended target been identified?

*Witness(es):* If additional witnesses were identified by the reporter, please list them.

- Name of Witness
- What is their position/Affiliation to the school?
- Contact Number

*Incident Type(s)* (Check all that apply):

- Threat to Others:** If the individual is suspected of posing a **threat of harm to others**, begin the Triage Process, mobilize the necessary BTA team members, and initiate the BTA within 24 hours, starting with Part 1. If imminent threat is suspected, follow [mandatory steps to respond to imminent threats towards others](#).
- Threat to Self:** If the individual is suspected of posing a **threat of harm to self**, then ensure the student is medically safe, maintain adult supervision, and contact a Suicide Designee or other mental health professional to conduct Suicide Risk Assessment (SRA) immediately. If imminent threat, follow

[mandatory steps to respond to imminent threats towards self](#). Please note: If it is a threat to self ONLY you DO NOT complete any components of the Behavioral Threat Assessment process. (2).

If **both** a threat to self and others is selected above, **both the BTA and SRA processes** must be completed. Each situation is unique and needs to be assessed to determine which process to follow first. If you require assistance, please contact the Psychological Services Department (754) 321-3440 for BTA assistance and the SEDNET Department (754) 321-3421 for SRA assistance.

### **Mandatory Steps to Respond to Imminent Threats**

If **imminent threat to others** is suspected, then contact law enforcement immediately. Document the name of the law enforcement official contacted, date/time of contact, and outcome of contact. The following actions are also mandatory to respond to an imminent threat towards others:

- Utilize law enforcement to contain the threat and consult with the school safety team.
- Take immediate precautions to protect potential victim(s).
- Initiate school safety plan procedures (e.g., Code Yellow, Code Red), if warranted.
- Consult with SRO, as appropriate, to assist in monitoring/supervising the student of concern and determining the need for law enforcement action.
- Inform Principal or administrative designee of imminent threat. Principal will inform their supervisor.
- Notify parents of intended victim(s) before they leave school grounds.
- Notify parent of the person who poses the threat and attempt to enlist their support in preventing that student from carrying out the threat.
- If the student is on campus and significant mental health concerns are noted, consult with a mental health professional and employ Baker Act procedures, if warranted.
- Complete and submit BCPS SIU Immediate Notification Form.
- Mobilize full threat assessment team.
- Follow discipline policy, as indicated.
- Notification to Law Enforcement: Complete ONLY when notifying law enforcement in cases of imminent threat to others.

If **imminent threat to self** is suspected and if the student is on campus, follow Baker Act procedures immediately. If the student is not on campus, then contact law enforcement immediately. The following actions are also mandatory to respond to an imminent threat towards self:

- Ensure the student is medically safe first.
- Keep the student with an adult to provide supervision.
- Contact the Suicide Prevention Designee or another mental health professional.
- Contact the SRO, Local Law Enforcement or the Mobile Response Team (previously Youth Emergency Services Team) at (954) 677-3113.
- Notify parent of the at-risk student and attempt to enlist their support in creating a safety and support plan.
- Schools should not contact the legal guardian to take the student off campus whether it is to their home or to a hospital.
- If a Baker Act Assessment was initiated, document the **name of the Baker Act Assessment Initiator**, the date/time initiated, and the outcome of the Baker Act Assessment if known.

## Initial Phase/Triage Process

The initial phase of a behavioral threat assessment is to make a preliminary determination about the seriousness of a threat. When a threat is reported to an administrator, he/she and at least one other school-based BTA team member must gather information to make a [distinction between unfounded/transient and substantive threats](#). It is important to note that threats lie on a continuum of severity, with the lowest level of threat being a figure of speech that does not convey a genuine intent to harm someone, to the highest level of threat that is a warning of impending violence. As a result, every threat may not require a meeting of the entire threat assessment team. Therefore, SBBC has adopted the triage process in accordance with the Office of Safe Schools.

When a report of a threat is received, **an administrator and at least one other school-based BTA team member** must evaluate the threat by obtaining a detailed account of the threat, usually by interviewing the person who made the threat, the intended victim, and other witnesses. During the Initial Phase/Triage Process, the Initial Student Interview, and any Witness Interview(s) should be completed, and teacher input should be obtained through the Teacher Input Form(s):

### *Initial Student Interview* (Required)

The Initial Student Interview must be completed by a school-based administrator. It is also recommended that a mental health professional be present during this interview. This document has been translated to multiple languages (Haitian-Creole, Portuguese, Spanish). Translated versions are available on EdPlan (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).

*The interviewer must begin by attempting to establish rapport, then use these interview questions as a guide to interview the student who either made a threat or exhibited a behavior of concern. Consider the developmental level of the student and adjust the language of the questions accordingly. Use the questions as a guide to interview the person making the threat. Ask other questions as appropriate. Try to use open-ended questions rather than leading questions.*

### *Teacher Input Form* (Required)

*Information about a student of concern's behavior in a variety of settings is needed from each of his/her teachers. The information from the teacher(s) will be very helpful in developing a support plan for the student. The teacher(s) should answer the questions to the best of his/her knowledge, based on their own observations of the student.*

### *Witness Interview* (Required **if witnesses were identified in the gathering of information**)

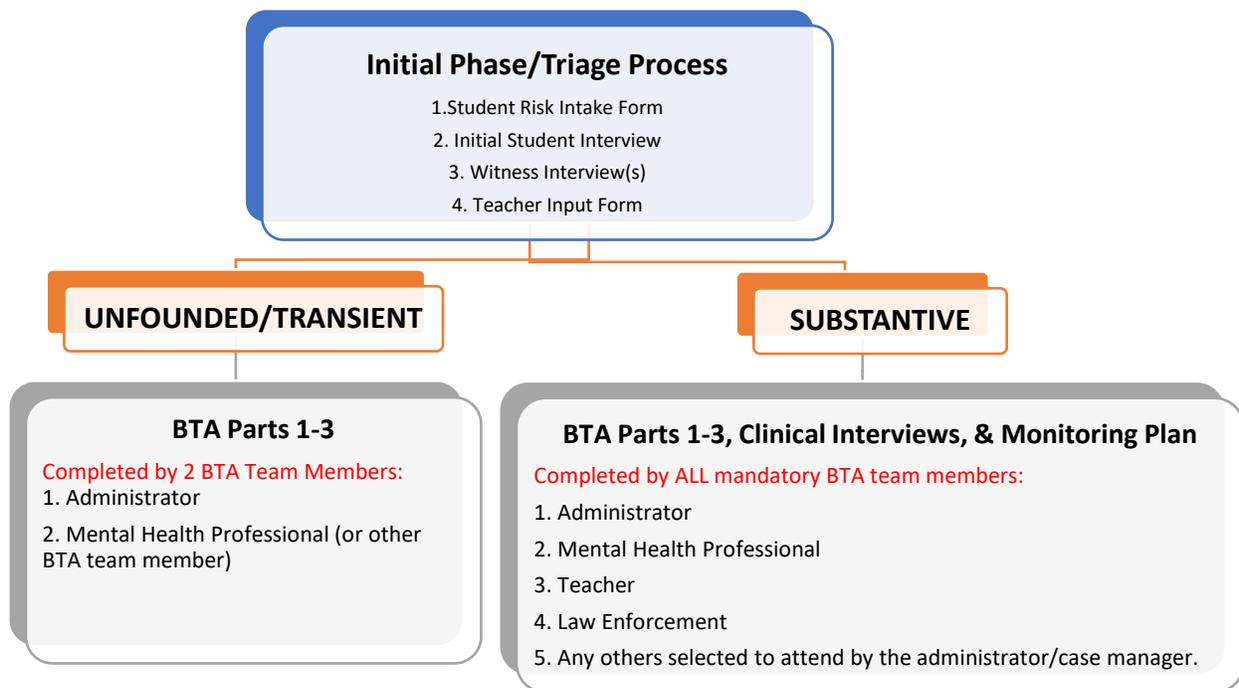
When applicable, Witness Interviews must be completed by a school-based administrator. A mental health professional may also be present during this interview.

*The purpose of this interview is to gather information about the threat(s) or concerning behavior from potential victims or witnesses.*

Interviews should be conducted in a confidential setting by the individuals listed below **only**. The participation of others, including law enforcement officers, is not recommended as this can impact rapport. Adequate rapport will lead to more appropriate supports for the student of concern.

The initial key question is whether there is a **communication or behavior that suggests an intent to harm someone**:

- **If the answer is no**, and the preliminary determination by the BTA team members is that a student expressed a **unfounded/transient** threat, the administrator and the previously selected BTA team member(s) will proceed to complete the required portions of the [BTA process for a unfounded/transient threat](#). The BTA team is responsible for assessing the level of threat by completing: a) BTA Parts 1-3 and b) BTA Signature Page. However, even if there is no intent to harm, statements or behaviors may still merit attention, intervention, or services, which can be determined by the BTA Team or the appropriate school-based team (e.g., Collaborative Problem-Solving (CPS) Team, Individualized Education Plan (IEP) team, etc.).
- **If the answer is yes**, and the preliminary determination by the BTA team members is that a student poses a **substantive** threat to others, all mandatory BTA team members will proceed to complete the required portions of the [BTA process for a substantive threat](#). The BTA team is responsible for assessing the level of threat by completing: a) BTA Parts 1-3, b) Clinical Parent Interview, c) Clinical Student Interview, d) Signature Page, and e) Monitoring Plan.



If at any point during the BTA process, there is any uncertainty that the threat may be unfounded/transient or the data indicate that the threat may be substantive rather than unfounded/transient, [all mandatory BTA team members](#) must participate and the [BTA process for substantive threats](#) must be followed.

Regardless of preliminary determination that a student poses a unfounded/transient or substantive threat to others at the triage phase, the BTA team should consider all information collected throughout the BTA process to make a final determination of risk level in Part 3 of the BTA. As a result of analysis throughout the BTA process, the final risk level indicated in Part 3 may not always reflect the preliminary determination.

## BTA Process: **Unfounded/Transient Threat**

In addition to initial information obtained through the [Risk Assessment](#) and [Initial Phase/Triage Process](#), if the preliminary determination suggests that the threat is **unfounded/transient**, an administrator and at least one other school-based BTA team member must complete the following: a) BTA Parts 1-3 and b) BTA Signature Page. Additional personnel with knowledge of the child or circumstances may also serve as members of the team (8).

BTA team members who have been threatened should serve as a witness and source of information (e.g., Witness Interview, Teacher Input Form), but should not serve as a BTA team member to avoid conflict of interest issues and potential loss of objectivity. If possible, an alternate team member should be appointed to fill the role of the threatened BTA team member.

If at any point during the BTA process, data indicate that the threat may be substantive rather than unfounded/transient, [all mandatory BTA team members](#) must participate and the [BTA process for substantive threats](#) must be followed.

### **BTA Part 1**

Part 1 documents more specific details regarding the incident and/or threat report and any immediate actions taken when an imminent threat has been identified. Prior to completing BTA Part 1 on EdPlan, ensure that the core BTA team has been set-up in EdPlan (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).

In each of the sections below within BTA Part 1, proceed with documenting any details of the incident beyond what has auto-populated from the [Student Risk Intake Form](#):

- Information about the Incident
- Sources
- Details

*Additional required information:*

- What was the **context** of the behavior? What was happening at the time and/or just before?

**If imminent threat to others is suspected, then contact law enforcement immediately and follow [mandatory action steps to respond to imminent threat](#).**

- Was law enforcement required to be contacted? Document the name of the law enforcement official contacted, date/time of contact, and outcome of contact. Complete **ONLY** when notifying law enforcement in cases of imminent threat to others.
- Mobilize the threat assessment team and complete [all required components of a BTA for substantive threat](#).

Regardless of law enforcement action, the threat assessment team must gather relevant information and initiate the BTA **within 24 hours of the administrator receiving the initial report**. Ideally, the Initial Student Interview should be conducted right away, so that if the threat is substantive, action can be taken promptly to prevent the threat from being carried out. However, in some cases it may not be possible to conduct an immediate interview – for example, if the threat was not reported until hours or days after it occurred or if the student is no longer on

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school premises. If it is not possible to interview the student right away, the team should gather information that is immediately available (perhaps by interviewing witnesses to the threat and/or reviewing available educational records) and decide on a reasonable, provisional course of action that emphasizes safety of anyone targeted by the threat. However, in most cases a team member will interview the student at the first opportunity in order to conduct a more complete assessment. If there are extenuating circumstances that delay access to the student or parent to complete the required interviews, the team should note the reason for delay on the EDPlan Info>Contacts Tab in EdPlan (e.g., attempts to contact parent/student and why either one was unavailable). Once all required components are completed, the BTA documents must be listed as finalized documents on the EdPlan Documents tab. If school is not in session, and the school principal becomes aware of a threat, he/she shall immediately refer the matter to law enforcement for evaluation, and the threat assessment team must meet **no later than the end of the first day school is back in session** to consider the matter and ensure it is resolved (8).

## **BTA Part 2**

In Part 2, data collection [roles and responsibilities](#) are assigned each team member (e.g., Who will conduct interviews? Who will review records? Who will collect artifacts?).

Please refer to [BTA Process: Unfounded/Transient Threat](#) for a description of the mandatory team members for a unfounded/transient threat. If additional team members participate, add any additional team members to the student's BTA team (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA). If at any point during the BTA process, data indicate that the threat may be substantive rather than unfounded/transient, [all mandatory BTA team members](#) must participate and the [BTA process for substantive threats](#) must be followed.

### *Interviews and Sources*

- Please indicate names of individual(s) interviewed throughout the BTA process, name of the interviewer(s), and date/time of interview(s).

If student and/or parent is unavailable for interviews, please indicate and document on EDPlan Info > Contacts tab all attempts to conduct the required interview(s). Specify name of interviewer and date of interview attempted. If after multiple attempts have been made to complete the interview(s), and these unsuccessful attempts have been documented in the Contacts tab, create and finalize the corresponding interview document(s) with a note indicating why it could not be completed.

### *Interview Documents*

Interviews are to be entered into EdPlan and *individually listed as finalized documents on the EdPlan Documents tab*. If printed interview forms are utilized ([APPENDIX C through G](#)), the information must be entered or uploaded as an attached source (Click on + sign next to the corresponding "Interviewee Name/Interviewed By" row within Interviews and Sources above) into EdPlan. Within the Interview Documents section in EdPlan, the checkbox for all applicable interviews must be selected prior to finalizing BTA Part 2.

Please select all required interviews completed during the [Initial Phase/Triage Process](#): Initial Student Interview, Teacher Input Form(s), Witness Interview(s). Clinical interviews are not required for Unfounded/Transient threats but can be conducted if the BTA team determines there is a need to do so. If applicable, the [Clinical Parent Interview](#) and [Clinical Student Interview](#) that apply to the current BTA should also be selected.

Interviews should be conducted in a confidential setting by the individuals listed below *only*. The participation of others, including law enforcement officers, is not recommended as this can impact rapport. Adequate rapport will lead to more appropriate supports for the student of concern.

### *Records Review*

Complete a review of relevant records (i.e., cumulative file, BASIS, EdPlan, Pinnacle, TERMS, Acceliplan, FSSP, etc.) and summarize any information relevant to the threat assessment process. The FSSP is an additional tool that allows threat assessment teams access to information from a variety of data sources that can assist in evaluating the seriousness of a reported or identified threat. Use of the FSSP should be determined on a case-by-case basis, but is not likely needed in all cases, especially where the threat is transient. Once the record review is completed, attach any additional relevant artifacts pertaining to the student’s BTA. Specify the name of reviewer and job title for each section.

If applicable records are available from a previous BTA, these can be copied by clicking on the “Copy From Previous” button. New information shall be added if available.

Required:

- Behavioral/Discipline History
- ESE, 504, and/or Gifted History
- Academic/Attendance History

Other, if applicable (i.e., records indicative of risk factors, warning behaviors, or mitigating factors):

- Records from Outside Agencies
- Law Enforcement Records
- Employment Records
- Classwork/Homework Assignments
- Journal/Artwork
- Social Media
- Other Relevant Sources of Information (i.e., original written communication of threats, witness statements referenced in Part 1, photos, documents, etc.)

Following a records review, the team must answer the following question:

- Has the student previously exhibited behaviors of concern or posed a threat?

### **BTA Part 3**

When assessing a potential threat or concerning behavior, the threat assessment team must determine not only whether a threat has been made or communicated, but also if a person poses a danger to self or others or if they are potentially on a pathway to violence. The threat assessment team must coordinate resources to provide intervention to individuals whose behavior may pose a threat to the safety of school staff or students. The threat assessment team must plan for the implementation and monitoring of appropriate interventions in order to manage or mitigate the student’s risk for engaging in violence and increasing the likelihood of positive outcomes.

Interventions should remain in place until the team assesses that the student is no longer in need of supports and does not pose a threat to self or others (8).

Assemble all [mandatory BTA team members](#) to collaboratively analyze available data, determine final level of risk, and develop appropriate interventions. If at any point during the BTA process, data indicate that the threat may be substantive rather than unfounded/transient, [all mandatory BTA team members](#) must participate and the [BTA process for substantive threats](#) must be followed.

The BTA document must be finalized at the end of Part 3 and then acknowledged by the principal and by the cadre directors for accountability. See [Finalize BTA](#) and [Signature Page](#) sections for more information.

### *Analysis*

Answer **18 key questions** to analyze potential [risk factors, warning behaviors](#) and [mitigating circumstances](#). These items can help better assess whether a threat is unfounded/transient or substantive but must be considered in the broader context of the situation and other known facts. Regard these items as a checklist to make sure you have considered these aspects of the threat, but they are not to be summed or used as a score. **Consider all information collected** during the [Initial Phase/Triage Process](#) and in BTA [Part 1](#) and [Part 2](#).

If more information is needed to answer the questions below, a **Clinical Student and/or Clinical Parent Interview ([Interview Documents](#)) should be conducted by a mental health professional**. The presence of law enforcement is not recommended during clinical interviews.

- Threat is Likely to be Less Serious:
  1. Subject admits to threat (statement or behavior).
  2. Subject has explanation for threat as benign (such as a joke or figure of speech).
  3. Subject admits to feeling angry toward target at time of incident.
  4. Subject retracts threat or denies intent to harm.
  5. Subject apologetic or willing to make amends for threat.
  6. Subject willing to resolve threat through conflict resolution or some other means.
  
- Threat is Likely to be More Serious:
  7. Subject continues to feel angry toward target.
  8. Subject expressed threat on more than one occasion.
  9. Subject has specific plan for carrying out the threat.
  10. Subject engaged in preparation for carrying out the threat.
  11. Subject has prior conflict with target or other motive.
  12. Subject is suicidal (Complete suicide assessment).
  13. Threat involved use to a weapon other than a firearm, such as a knife or club.
  14. Threat involves use of a firearm.
  15. Subject has possession of, or ready access to, a firearm.
  16. Subject has or sought accomplices or audience for carrying out threat.
  17. Threat involves gang conflict.
  18. Threat involves peers or others who have encouraged subject in making threat.
  19. Comments/Other Relevant Observations.

### *Observations Suggesting Need for Intervention*

Observations Suggesting Need for Intervention can be used as needed for intervention planning. Here are some factors to consider in identifying possible interventions to assist the subject and reduce risk. These items are not summed or scored:

1. History of physical violence.
2. History of criminal acts.
3. Preoccupation with violence, violent individuals, or groups that advocate violence.
4. Preoccupation with mass shootings or infamous violent incidents.
5. History of intense anger or resentment.
6. Has grievance or feels treated unfairly.
7. Feels abused, harassed, or bullied.
8. History of self-injury or suicide ideation or attempts.
9. Has been seriously depressed.
10. Experienced serious stressful events or conditions.
11. Substance abuse history.
12. History of serious mental illness (symptoms such as delusions or hallucinations).
13. Qualifies for exceptional education services or 504 plan.
14. Prescribed psychotropic medication.
15. Substantial decline in level of academic or psychosocial adjustment.
16. Lacks positive relationships with one or more school staff.
17. Family involvement.
18. Lacks positive relationships with peers.
19. Other factors that suggest need for intervention.
20. Comments/Other Relevant Observations.

### *Determination of Risk Level*

**Does the individual pose a threat of targeted violence toward one or more individuals?** Thoughtful consideration of the answers to the above key questions will produce a sound foundation for the determination of risk level. When making a determination between unfounded/transient and substantive threats, take into account whether or not the individual is exhibiting behaviors that indicate both a continuing intent to harm and efforts to acquire the capacity to carry out the plan. If there is doubt or if the threat cannot clearly be categorized as unfounded/transient, threats should be treated as substantive.

Regardless of preliminary determination that a student poses a unfounded/transient or substantive threat to others, the BTA team should consider all information collected throughout the BTA process to make this final determination of risk level. As a result of data-collection and analysis during the BTA process, the final risk level indicated in Part 3 may not always reflect the preliminary determination made at the [Initial Phase/Triage Process](#). If at any point during the BTA process, data indicates that the threat may be substantive rather than unfounded/transient, [all mandatory BTA team members](#) must participate and the [BTA process for substantive threats](#) must be followed.

Please see [Considerations for Determination of Risk Level](#) section for more guidance and information to help the BTA team make its final determination of risk level:

- Unfounded/No Threat:** Following a threat assessment, the threat could not be corroborated or substantiated.
- Transient:** Threats where there is not a sustained intent to harm. Threat may have been made in the heat of the moment as an expression of anger, frustration, or humor.
- Serious Substantive\*:** Threat where the intent to harm is present and included a threat to hit or fight. There is at least some risk that the person will carry out the threat and requires protective action.
- Very Serious Substantive\*:** Threat where the intent to harm is present and included a threat to kill, rape, shoot, or injure with a weapon. There is at least some risk that the person will carry out the threat and requires protective action.

\* Please note that for *Serious Substantive/Very Serious Substantive* threats, Clinical Parent and Clinical Student Interviews ([Interview Documents](#)) must be conducted to assist with developing the Student Support Plan (SSP).  
*Basis for Determination Statement*

Threat assessment teams must consider the totality of risk factors, warning behaviors, stressors, precipitating events, and protective factors present. This should be analyzed in the context of the student of concern's age and social/emotional development to determine credibility and seriousness of the threat. Distinguishing between unfounded/transient versus substantive threats is critical to the determination of appropriate responses. As a reminder, substantive threats are behaviors or statements that represent a risk of harm to others and are characterized by qualities that reflect a serious intent to do harm.

### *Parent Notification*

Please be advised that while parental consent is not required when conducting a threat assessment, parent notification is required. Parent notification is required at this phase if not already contacted for [imminent threat](#) or clinical interviews completed for [Analysis](#). Document the date, time, and name of the parent, and the outcome of the notification. Parents should be informed of the nature of the threat, who was threatened, and the consequences for the student if the threat is carried out. Enlist parental support and assistance in preventing the student from carrying out the threat.

### *Actions*

Once the final level of risk has been determined, the BTA team will follow the mandatory actions that correspond to that level of risk identified. Identify which individual is responsible for each mandatory action step:

- Unfounded/No Threat
  - Contact student's parents and/or guardian.
  - Additional responses, as determined by the threat assessment team.

- ❑ Transient
  - Contact student's parents and/or guardian.
  - See that threat is resolved through explanation, apology, or making amends.
  - Follow discipline procedures as per policies 5.8 and 5006, if applicable.
  - Additional responses, as determined by the threat assessment team.
  
- ❑ Serious Substantive
  - Contact student's parents and/or guardian.
  - Provide direct supervision of student until parents and/or guardians assume control.
  - Caution the student about the consequences of carrying out the threat.
  - Conduct Clinical Parent Interview.
  - Conduct Clinical Student Interview.
  - Consult with SRO to assist in monitoring/supervising the student and determining need for law enforcement action. Document the name of the person who consulted with law enforcement, date, and the title of contact.
  - Screen the student for mental health services and counseling and refer the student for school-based or community-based services as needed.
  - Refer to CPS Team to determine need for academic/behavioral intervention and/or the need for psychological evaluation.
  - Develop a Monitoring Plan to include a Safety Plan within 72 hours.
  - Assign team member(s) to monitor student and status of intervention(s).
  - Follow discipline procedures as per policies 5.8 and 5006.
  
- ❑ Very Serious Substantive
  - Caution the student about the consequences of carrying out the threat.
  - If the intended target is a student, notify the intended target(s)'s parents and/or guardians. If the intended target is an adult, notify the intended target(s).
  - Contact student's parents and/or guardian.
  - Provide direct supervision of student until parent and/or guardian(s) assume control.
  - Conduct Clinical Parent Interview.
  - Conduct Clinical Student Interview.
  - Screen the student for mental health services and counseling and refer the student for school-based or community-based services as needed.
  - Refer to CPS Team to determine need for academic/behavioral intervention and/or the need for psychological evaluation.
  - Consult with SRO to assist in monitoring/supervising the student and determining need for law enforcement action. Document the name of the person who consulted with law enforcement, date, and the title of contact.
  - Develop a Monitoring Plan to include a Safety Plan within 72 hours.
  - Assign team member(s) to monitor student and status of intervention(s).
  - Follow discipline procedures as per policies 5.8 and 5006.
  - If the threat assessment records were shared with Law Enforcement, please complete the FERPA log and contact the Privacy Officer if clarification is needed.

### *Action Steps & Support Plan*

In addition to the mandatory action steps, the team will identify responses that can help support this student and make positive outcomes more likely. The actions selected will comprise the Student Support Plan (SSP). The resources and supports the student needs will differ depending on the information gathered during the assessment. Supports can range from holding a parent conference to creating a safety plan for the student. Some actions may need to be taken immediately (e.g., safety plan) while others (e.g., IEP meetings) may need to occur at a later time. For assistance, please use the [Observations Suggesting Need for Intervention](#) within Part 3 Analysis to help you team determine possible interventions to assist the student to reduce risk.

Review all actions (mandatory and additional) with individuals who did not participate in the threat assessment who work with the student.

### *Notify Law Enforcement*

- Was law enforcement contacted due to [imminent threat?](#) Complete ONLY when notifying law enforcement in cases of imminent threat to others.

### *Meeting Participants*

- Identify the name and title of each of the BTA mandatory team members and any additional team members who participated in the threat assessment. Mandatory team members must be added to the school's core team and any additional team members must be added to the student's BTA team (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).

*Reminder:* If the preliminary determination suggests that the threat is **unfounded/transient**, an administrator and at least one other school based BTA team member can proceed with the BTA process. You may also add additional team members as needed. If at any point during the BTA process, data indicate that the threat may be substantive rather than unfounded/transient, [all mandatory BTA team members](#) must participate and the [BTA process for substantive threats](#) must be followed. For **substantive** threats, [threat assessment team](#) shall include persons with expertise in counseling, instruction, school administration, principal, when available, and law enforcement. Persons with expertise in counseling include school counselors, school psychologists, school social workers, and family counselors. Additional personnel with knowledge of the child or circumstances may also serve as additional members of the team (8). BTA team members who have been threatened should serve as a witness and source of information (e.g., Witness Interview, Teacher Input Form), but should not serve as a BTA team member to avoid conflict of interest issues and potential loss of objectivity. If possible, an alternate team member should be appointed to fill the role of the threatened BTA team member.

### *Finalize BTA*

Select COMPLETE THREAT ASSESSMENT once the BTA team has completed Parts 1 through 3 and all required interviews and forms for the BTA process. *Please note: Finalizing this document will send alerts to the predetermined individuals for notification (i.e., School Principal).*

- Once a BTA document has been finalized, the school principal must acknowledge the finalized BTA within approximately 48 hours by clicking the Acknowledge Threat Assessment button in Part 3 of the BTA.

- Once the principal acknowledges the BTA, Cadre Directors will be emailed an alert to Acknowledge.

Along with the electronic record in EdPlan, completed threat assessments must be documented in TERMS. *The TERMS Intervention code must be assigned to the lead administrator's 3-digit contact code, which is assigned through a school-level IMT.* The lead administrator for the BTA will enter the TERMS L-Panel code that corresponds with the determined final risk level:

- 220- Schl Safety **Unfounded**
- 221- Schl Safety **Transient**
- 222- Schl Safety **Serious Substantive**
- 223- Schl Safety **Very Serious Substantive**

## Signature Page

Print the final page of the BTA from the student's Documents tab. All required team members must confirm their participation by signing the form and indicating they participated in-person, virtual format (i.e., Zoom/Teams), via telephone, etc.

- If the final determination is that the threat is **unfounded/transient**, signatures for the administrator and at least one other school based BTA team member are required. If additional team members participated, their signatures are also required. For unfounded/transient threats, the case manager must select "Transient-Not Required" for the core BTA team members that were not required and did not participate in the BTA.
- If the final determination is that the threat is **substantive**, signatures for all four mandatory team members are required. If additional team members participated, their signatures are also required.

Upload the scanned signature page to the Documents tab for the student. On the Documents tab for the student, you will click 'Upload External Attachments', select the scanned signature page from your computer, and then select the Behavioral Threat Assessment document that it applies to (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).

**For unfounded/transient risk levels, the team may create a corresponding [Monitoring Plan](#) if needed.**

The Monitoring Plan is for on-going monitoring of support/services. The level of supervision provided to the student should be consistent with the nature and seriousness of the threat. Through the Monitoring Plan, the team identifies any actions that require continued implementation and monitoring. This includes any further actions to be taken with the student who made the threat or displayed concerning behavior. The team will also identify any actions to be taken with potential victims of the threat and/or any students impacted by the threat. The Monitoring Plan can also include documentation of any disciplinary actions taken, if applicable.

## BTA Process: **Substantive Threat**

In addition to initial information obtained through the [Risk Assessment](#) and [Initial Phase/Triage Process](#), if the preliminary determination suggests that the threat is **substantive**, all mandatory BTA team members must participate to complete the following: a) BTA Parts 1-3, b) Clinical Parent Interview, c) Clinical Student Interview, d) Signature Page, and e) Monitoring Plan.

The school-based administrator must assemble the mandatory core members of the threat assessment team. The threat assessment team shall include persons with expertise in counseling, instruction, school administration, principal, when available, and law enforcement\*. Persons with expertise in counseling include school counselors, school psychologists, school social workers, and family counselors. Additional personnel with knowledge of the child or circumstances may also serve as members of the team (8). BTA team members who have been threatened should serve as a witness and source of information (e.g., Witness Interview, Teacher Input Form), but should not serve as a BTA team member to avoid conflict of interest issues and possible interference with objectivity. If possible, an alternate team member should be appointed to fill the role of the threatened BTA team member.

\*In Broward County Public Schools, Armed Safe School Officers-Marshall/Guardians are not law enforcement officers. Therefore, they do not fulfill the law enforcement requirement.

### **BTA Part 1**

Part 1 documents more specific details regarding the incident and/or threat report and any immediate actions taken when an imminent threat has been identified. Prior to completing BTA Part 1 on EdPlan, ensure that the core BTA team has been set-up in EdPlan (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).

In each of the sections below within BTA Part 1, proceed with documenting any details of the incident beyond what has auto-populated from the [Student Risk Intake Form](#):

- Information about the Incident
- Sources
- Details

*Additional required information:*

- What was the **context** of the behavior? What was happening at the time and/or just before?

**If imminent threat to others is suspected, then contact law enforcement immediately and follow [mandatory action steps to respond to imminent threat](#).**

- Was law enforcement required to be contacted? Document the name of the law enforcement official contacted, date/time of contact, and outcome of contact. Complete **ONLY** when notifying law enforcement in cases of imminent threat to others.
- Mobilize the threat assessment team and complete [all required components of a BTA for substantive threat](#).

Regardless of law enforcement action, the threat assessment team must gather relevant information and initiate the BTA **within 24 hours of the administrator receiving the initial report**. Ideally, the Initial Student Interview

should be conducted right away, so that if the threat is substantive, action can be taken promptly to prevent the threat from being carried out. However, in some cases it may not be possible to conduct an immediate interview – for example, if the threat was not reported until hours or days after it occurred or if the student is no longer on school premises. If it is not possible to interview the student right away, the team should gather information that is immediately available (perhaps by interviewing witnesses to the threat and/or reviewing available educational records) and decide on a reasonable, provisional course of action that emphasizes safety of anyone targeted by the threat. However, in most cases a team member will interview the student at the first opportunity in order to conduct a more complete assessment. If there are extenuating circumstances that delay access to the student or parent to complete the required interviews, the team should note the reason for delay on the EDPlan Info>Contacts Tab in EdPlan (e.g., attempts to contact parent/student and why either one was unavailable). Once all required components are completed, the BTA documents must be listed as finalized documents on the EdPlan Documents tab.

If school is not in session, and the school principal becomes aware of a threat, he/she shall immediately refer the matter to law enforcement for evaluation, and the threat assessment team must meet **no later than the end of the first day school is back in session** to consider the matter and ensure it is resolved (8).

## **BTA Part 2**

In Part 2, data collection [roles and responsibilities](#) are assigned to each team member (e.g., Who will conduct interviews? Who will review records? Who will collect artifacts?). Please refer to [BTA Process: Substantive Threat](#) for a description of the mandatory team members for a substantive threat. Add any additional team members to the student’s BTA team (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).

### *Interviews and Sources*

- Please indicate names of individual(s) interviewed throughout the BTA process, name of the interviewer(s), and date/time of interview(s).

If student and/or parent is unavailable for interviews, please indicate and document on EDPlan Info > Contacts tab all attempts to conduct the required interview(s). Specify name of interviewer and date of interview attempted. If after multiple attempts have been made to complete the interview(s), and these unsuccessful attempts have been documented in the Contacts tab, create and finalize the corresponding interview document(s) with a note indicating why it could not be completed.

### *Interview Documents*

Interviews are to be entered into EdPlan and *individually listed as finalized documents on the EdPlan Documents tab*. If printed interview forms are utilized ([APPENDIX C through G](#)), the information must be entered or uploaded as an attached source (Click on + sign next to the corresponding “Interviewee Name/Interviewed By” row within Interviews and Sources above) into EdPlan. Within the Interview Documents section in EdPlan, the checkbox for all applicable interviews must be selected prior to finalizing BTA Part 2.

Please select all required interviews completed during the [Initial Phase/Triage Process](#): Initial Student Interview, Teacher Input Form(s), Witness Interview(s). **Clinical interviews are also required for all substantive threats:**

- ❑ *Clinical Parent Interview* (**Required for Substantive threats; as needed for Unfounded/Transient threats**)

**The Clinical Parent Interview must be completed by a mental health professional** with a parent/guardian. Mental health professionals have the necessary clinical knowledge regarding mental health conditions that impact behavioral and emotional functioning. An additional school staff member may participate, if warranted. The presence of law enforcement is not recommended during clinical interviews. This interview is also recommended if more information is needed to answer the [18 key analysis questions](#) in BTA Part 3. This document has been translated to multiple languages (Haitian-Creole, Portuguese, Spanish). Translated versions are available on EdPlan (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).

*The interviewer should make every effort to establish rapport and engage the parent as an ally. Explain to the parent that the purpose of the interview is to help their child be safe and successful at school. Please use the Clinical Parent Interview as a guide to interview the parent/guardian and try to use open-ended questions rather than leading questions. As follow-up questions, as appropriate. Understandably, parents may feel apprehensive, guilty, or defensive when being interviewed about their child's behavior. It is important that the interviewer find ways to convey respect for the parent, starting from the initial contact and throughout the interview. Also, it should be evident that the interviewer is interested in understanding and helping the parent's child; otherwise, the parent may regard the interview as an investigation designed to uncover evidence of wrongdoing by the student or incompetence by the parent. Overall, the interviewer should make every effort to engage the parent as an ally. Emphasize the common goal of helping their child to be safe and successful in school.*

- ❑ *Clinical Student Interview* (**Required for Substantive threats; as needed for Unfounded/Transient threats**)

**The Clinical Student Interview must be completed by a mental health professional** with a student. Mental health professionals have the necessary clinical knowledge regarding mental health conditions that impact behavioral and emotional functioning. An additional school staff member may participate, if warranted. The presence of law enforcement is not recommended during clinical interviews. This interview is also recommended if more information is needed to answer the [18 key analysis questions](#) in BTA Part 3. This document has been translated to multiple languages (Haitian-Creole, Portuguese, Spanish). Translated versions are available on EdPlan (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).

*The purpose of the Clinical Student Interview is to maintain the safety and well-being of the student and others. Therefore, this interview has two objectives:*

- 1) ***Intervention and/or referral needs.*** *Assess the student's present mental state and determine whether there are urgent mental health needs that require attention, such as risk of suicide, homicide, psychosis, or rage. Beyond these immediate needs, consider whether there are other referral or support needs.*
- 2) ***Threat reduction.*** *Gather information on the student's motives and intentions in making the threat in order to understand why the threat was made and identify relevant strategies or interventions that have the potential to reduce the risk of violence.*

*The interviewer must begin by attempting to establish rapport, then use these interview questions as a guide to interview the student who either made a threat or exhibited a behavior of concern. Try to use open-ended questions*

*rather than leading questions. Consider the developmental level of the student and adjust the language of the questions accordingly. Ask follow-up questions, as appropriate.*

Interviews should be conducted in a confidential setting by the individuals listed below **only**. The participation of others, including law enforcement officers, is not recommended as this can impact rapport. Adequate rapport will lead to more appropriate supports for the student of concern.

### *Records Review*

Complete a review of relevant records (i.e., cumulative file, BASIS, EdPlan, Pinnacle, TERMS, Acceliplan, etc.) and summarize any information relevant to the threat assessment process. Attach any additional relevant artifacts pertaining to the student's BTA. Specify the name of reviewer and job title for each section. If applicable records are available from a previous BTA, these can be copied by clicking on the "Copy From Previous" button. New information shall be added if available.

Required:

- Behavioral/Discipline History
- ESE, 504, and/or Gifted History
- Academic/Attendance History

Other, if applicable (i.e., records indicative of [\*risk factors\*](#), [\*warning behaviors\*](#), or [\*mitigating factors\*](#)):

- Records from Outside Agencies
- Law Enforcement Records
- Employment Records
- Classwork/Homework Assignments
- Journal/Artwork
- Social Media
- Other Relevant Sources of Information (i.e., original written communication of threats, witness statements referenced in [Part 1](#), photos, documents, etc.)

Following a records review, the team must answer the following question:

- Has the student previously exhibited behaviors of concern or posed a threat?

### **BTA Part 3**

When assessing a potential threat or concerning behavior, the threat assessment team must determine not only whether a threat has been made or communicated, but also if a person poses a danger to self or others or if they are potentially on a [\*pathway to violence\*](#). The threat assessment team must coordinate resources to provide intervention to individuals whose behavior may pose a threat to the safety of school staff or students. The threat assessment team must plan for the implementation and monitoring of appropriate interventions in order to manage or mitigate the student's risk for engaging in violence and increasing the likelihood of positive outcomes. Interventions should remain in place until the team assesses that the student is no longer in need of supports and does not pose a threat to self or others ([8](#)).

Assemble all mandatory BTA team members to collaboratively analyze available data, determine final level of risk, and develop appropriate interventions.

The BTA document must be finalized at the end of Part 3 and then acknowledged by the principal and by the cadre directors for accountability. See [Finalize BTA](#) and [Signature Page](#) section for more information.

### *Analysis*

Answer **18 key questions** to analyze potential [risk factors](#), [warning behaviors](#) and [mitigating circumstances](#). These items can help assess whether a threat is unfounded/transient or substantive but must be considered in the broader context of the situation and other known facts. Regard these items as a checklist to make sure you have considered these aspects of the threat, but they are not to be summed or used as a score. **Consider all information** collected during the [Initial Phase/Triage Process](#) and in BTA [Part 1](#) and [Part 2](#).

If more information is needed to answer the questions below, a Clinical Student and/or Clinical Parent Interview ([Interview Documents](#)) should be conducted by a mental health professional. The presence of law enforcement is not recommended during clinical interviews.

- Threat is Likely to be Less Serious:
  1. Subject admits to threat (statement or behavior).
  2. Subject has explanation for threat as benign (such as a joke or figure of speech).
  3. Subject admits to feeling angry toward target at time of incident.
  4. Subject retracts threat or denies intent to harm.
  5. Subject apologetic or willing to make amends for threat.
  6. Subject willing to resolve threat through conflict resolution or some other means.
  
- Threat is Likely to be More Serious:
  7. Subject continues to feel angry toward target.
  8. Subject expressed threat on more than one occasion.
  9. Subject has specific plan for carrying out the threat.
  10. Subject engaged in preparation for carrying out the threat.
  11. Subject has prior conflict with target or other motive.
  12. Subject is suicidal (Complete suicide assessment).
  13. Threat involved use to a weapon other than a firearm, such as a knife or club.
  14. Threat involves use of a firearm.
  15. Subject has possession of, or ready access to, a firearm.
  16. Subject has or sought accomplices or audience for carrying out threat.
  17. Threat involves gang conflict.
  18. Threat involves peers or others who have encouraged subject in making threat.
  19. Comments/Other Relevant Observations.

### *Observations Suggesting Need for Intervention*

Observations Suggesting Need for Intervention can be used as needed for intervention planning. Here are some factors to consider in identifying possible interventions to assist the subject and reduce risk. These items are not summed or scored:

1. History of physical violence.
2. History of criminal acts.
3. Preoccupation with violence, violent individuals, or groups that advocate violence.
4. Preoccupation with mass shootings or infamous violent incidents.
5. History of intense anger or resentment.
6. Has grievance or feels treated unfairly.
7. Feels abused, harassed, or bullied.
8. History of self-injury or suicide ideation or attempts.
9. Has been seriously depressed.
10. Experienced serious stressful events or conditions.
11. Substance abuse history.
12. History of serious mental illness (symptoms such as delusions or hallucinations).
13. Qualifies for exceptional education services or 504 plan.
14. Prescribed psychotropic medication.
15. Substantial decline in level of academic or psychosocial adjustment.
16. Lacks positive relationships with one or more school staff.
17. Family involvement.
18. Lacks positive relationships with peers.
19. Other factors that suggest need for intervention.
20. Comments/Other Relevant Observations.

### *Determination of Risk Level*

**Does the individual pose a threat of targeted violence toward one or more individuals?** Thoughtful consideration of the answers to the above key questions will produce a sound foundation for the determination of risk level. When making a determination between unfounded/transient and substantive threats, take into account whether or not the individual is exhibiting behaviors that indicate both a continuing intent to harm and efforts to acquire the capacity to carry out the plan. If there is doubt or if the threat cannot clearly be categorized as unfounded/transient, threats should be treated as substantive.

Regardless of preliminary determination that a student poses a unfounded/transient or substantive threat to others, the BTA team should consider all information collected throughout the BTA process to make this final determination of risk level. As a result of data-collection and analysis during the BTA process, the final risk level indicated in Part 3 may not always reflect the preliminary determination made at the [Initial Phase/Triage Process](#).

Please see [Considerations for Determination of Risk Level](#) section for more guidance and information to help the BTA team make its final determination of risk level:

- Unfounded/No Threat:** Following a threat assessment, the threat could not be corroborated or substantiated.
- Transient:** Threats where there is not a sustained intent to harm. Threat may have been made in the heat of the moment as an expression of anger, frustration, or humor.

- Serious Substantive\***: Threat where the intent to harm is present and included a threat to hit or fight. There is at least some risk that the person will carry out the threat and requires protective action.
- Very Serious Substantive\***: Threat where the intent to harm is present and included a threat to kill, rape, shoot, or injure with a weapon. There is at least some risk that the person will carry out the threat and requires protective action.

\* Please note that for *Serious Substantive/Very Serious Substantive* threats, Clinical Parent and Clinical Student Interviews ([Interview Documents](#)) must be conducted to assist with developing the Student Support Plan (SSP).

### *Basis for Determination Statement*

Threat assessment teams must consider the totality of risk factors, warning behaviors, stressors, precipitating events, and protective factors present. This should be analyzed in the context of the student of concern's age and social/emotional development to determine credibility and seriousness of the threat. Distinguishing between unfounded/transient versus substantive threats is critical to the determination of appropriate responses. As a reminder, substantive threats are behaviors or statements that represent a risk of harm to others and are characterized by qualities that reflect a serious intent to do harm.

### *Parent Notification*

Please be advised that while parental consent is not required when conducting a threat assessment, parent notification is required. Parent notification is required at this phase if not already contacted for [imminent threat](#) or clinical interviews completed for [Analysis](#). Document the date, time, and name of the parent, and the outcome of the notification. Parents should be informed of the nature of the threat, who was threatened, and the consequences for the student if the threat is carried out. Enlist parental support and assistance in preventing the student from carrying out the threat.

### *Actions*

Once the final level of risk has been determined, the BTA team will follow the mandatory actions that correspond to that level of risk identified. Identify which individual is responsible for each mandatory action step:

- Unfounded/No Threat**
  - Contact student's parents and/or guardian.
  - Additional responses, as determined by the threat assessment team.
- Transient**
  - Contact student's parents and/or guardian.
  - See that threat is resolved through explanation, apology, or making amends.
  - Follow discipline procedures as per policies 5.8 and 5006, if applicable.
  - Additional responses, as determined by the threat assessment team.
- Serious Substantive**
  - Contact student's parents and/or guardian.
  - Provide direct supervision of student until parents and/or guardians assume control.

- Caution the student about the consequences of carrying out the threat.
  - Conduct Clinical Parent Interview.
  - Conduct Clinical Student Interview.
  - Consult with SRO to assist in monitoring/supervising the student and determining need for law enforcement action. Document the name of the person who consulted with law enforcement, date, and the title of contact.
  - Screen the student for mental health services and counseling and refer the student for school-based or community-based services as needed.
  - Refer to CPS Team to determine need for academic/behavioral intervention and/or the need for psychological evaluation.
  - Develop a Monitoring Plan to include a Safety Plan within 72 hours.
  - Assign team member(s) to monitor student and status of intervention(s).
  - Follow discipline procedures as per policies 5.8 and 5006.
- Very Serious Substantive
- Caution the student about the consequences of carrying out the threat.
  - If the intended target is a student, notify the intended target(s)'s parents and/or guardians. If the intended target is an adult, notify the intended target(s).
  - Contact student's parents and/or guardian.
  - Provide direct supervision of student until parent and/or guardian(s) assume control.
  - Conduct Clinical Parent Interview.
  - Conduct Clinical Student Interview.
  - Screen the student for mental health services and counseling and refer the student for school-based or community-based services as needed.
  - Refer to CPS Team to determine need for academic/behavioral intervention and/or the need for psychological evaluation.
  - Consult with SRO to assist in monitoring/supervising the student and determining need for law enforcement action. Document the name of the person who consulted with law enforcement, date, and the title of contact.
  - Develop a Monitoring Plan to include a Safety Plan within 72 hours.
  - Assign team member(s) to monitor student and status of intervention(s).
  - Follow discipline procedures as per policies 5.8 and 5006.
  - If the threat assessment records were shared with Law Enforcement, please complete the FERPA log and contact the Privacy Officer if clarification is needed.

### *Action Steps & Support Plan*

In addition to the mandatory action steps, the team will identify responses that can help support this student and make positive outcomes more likely. The actions selected will comprise the Student Support Plan (SSP). The resources and supports the student needs will differ depending on the information gathered during the assessment. Supports can range from holding a parent conference to creating a safety plan for the student. Some actions may need to be taken immediately (e.g., safety plan) while others (e.g., IEP meetings) may need to occur at a later time. For assistance, please use the [Observations Suggesting Need for Intervention](#) within Part 3 Analysis to help you team determine possible interventions to assist the student to reduce risk.

Review all actions (mandatory and additional) with individuals who did not participate in the threat assessment who work with the student.

### *Notify Law Enforcement*

- Was law enforcement contacted due to [imminent threat?](#) Complete ONLY when notifying law enforcement in cases of imminent threat to others.

### *Meeting Participants*

- Identify the name and title of each of the BTA mandatory team members and any additional team members who participated in the threat assessment. Mandatory team members must be added to the school's core team and any additional team members must be added to the student's BTA team (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).

*Reminder:* For **substantive** threats, the [threat assessment team](#) shall include persons with expertise in counseling, instruction, school administration, principal - when available, and law enforcement. Persons with expertise in counseling include school counselors, school psychologists, school social workers, and family counselors. Additional personnel with knowledge of the child or circumstances may also serve as additional members of the team (8). BTA team members who have been threatened should serve as a witness and source of information (e.g., Witness Interview, Teacher Input Form), but should not serve as a BTA team member to avoid conflict of interest issues and potential loss of objectivity. If possible, an alternate team member should be appointed to fill the role of the threatened BTA team member.

### *Finalize BTA*

Select COMPLETE THREAT ASSESSMENT once the BTA team has completed Parts 1 through 3 and all required interviews and forms for the BTA process. *Please note: Finalizing this document will send alerts to the predetermined individuals for notification (i.e., School Principal).*

- Once a BTA document has been finalized, the school principal must acknowledge the finalized BTA within approximately 48 hours by clicking the Acknowledge Threat Assessment button in Part 3 of the BTA.
- Once the principal acknowledges the BTA, Cadre Directors will be emailed an alert to Acknowledge.

Along with the electronic record in EdPlan, completed threat assessments must be documented in TERMS. *The TERMS Intervention code must be assigned to the lead administrator's 3-digit contact code, which is assigned through a school-level IMT.* The lead administrator for the BTA will enter the TERMS L-Panel code that corresponds with the determined risk level:

- 220- Schl Safety **Unfounded**
- 221- Schl Safety **Transient**
- 222- Schl Safety **Serious Substantive**
- 223- Schl Safety **Very Serious Substantive**

## Signature Page

Print the final page of the BTA from the student's Documents tab. All required team members must confirm their participation by signing the form and indicating they participated in-person, virtual format (i.e., Zoom/Teams), via telephone, etc.

- If the final determination is that the threat is **unfounded/transient**, signatures for the administrator and at least one other school based BTA team member are required. If additional team members participated, their signatures are also required. For unfounded/transient threats, the case manager must select "Transient-Not Required" for the core BTA team members that were not required and did not participate in the BTA.
- If the final determination is that the threat is **substantive**, signatures for all four mandatory team members are required. If additional team members participated, their signatures are also required.

Upload the scanned signature page to the Documents tab for the student. On the Documents tab for the student, you will click 'Upload External Attachments', select the scanned signature page from your computer, and then select the Behavioral Threat Assessment document that it applies to (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).

## Monitoring Plan

Once the BTA and SSP have been finalized, the team is required to schedule a meeting within 72 hours to create and finalize a Monitoring Plan for **Serious/Very Serious Substantive** threat levels. For **Unfounded/Transient** risk levels, the team may create a corresponding Monitoring Plan if needed.

The Monitoring Plan is for on-going monitoring of support/services. The level of supervision provided to the student should be consistent with the nature and seriousness of the threat. Through the Monitoring Plan, the team identifies any actions that require continued implementation and monitoring. This includes any further actions to be taken with the student who made the threat or displayed concerning behavior. The team will also identify any actions to be taken with potential victims of the threat and/or any students impacted by the threat. The Monitoring Plan can also include documentation of any disciplinary actions taken, if applicable.

- The team shall identify further actions on the Monitoring Plan that must be implemented in order to mitigate risk to others (e.g., backpack checks, safety plan, etc.). A Safety Plan is required for Serious/Very Serious threats.
- Identify the names and titles of individuals who participated in the development of the Monitoring Plan. It is recommended that the original BTA members, along with the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the student of concern also be included in its development.
- Once the team has identified further actions to be taken, they must select FINALIZE MONITORING PLAN **within 72 hours** of completing BTA Part 1-3. *Please note: Finalizing this document will send alerts to the predetermined individuals for notification (i.e., School Principal).*
- Print the final page of the Monitoring Plan from the student's Documents tab. Team members must confirm their participation by either signing the form or indicating they participated via telephone, etc.
- Upload the scanned signature page to the Documents tab for the student. On the Documents tab for the student, you will click 'Upload External Attachments', select the scanned signature page from your computer, and then select the Monitoring Plan document that it applies to. (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).

- **The BTA team must reconvene every 30 school days (or earlier, if warranted) from the development of the initial Monitoring Plan for review and modifications.** Identify and select the review date in the Monitoring Plan before finalizing. Maintain documentation (e.g., logs, data) for all actions selected on the Monitoring Plan.
  - Upon review of a student’s Monitoring Plan, the team must determine whether to:
    - Continue Monitoring Plan with revisions.
    - Continue Monitoring Plan with no revisions.
    - Close Monitoring Plan.
  - The team must enter a rationale for their decision above.

### **Maintenance of Records and Information Sharing**

- BTA records are considered education records and shall be maintained and released in accordance with FERPA and state statute. The BTA process is a substantive decision-making process and therefore is not subject to the amendment process as described in School Board Policy 5100.1(V). Additionally, these records will be transferred pursuant to School Board Policy 5100.2.
- SBBC will disclose personally identifiable information (PII) contained in education records or the education records themselves to other agencies when provided with a signed written consent from the student’s parent/guardian or student age 18 or older designating the information that may be released.
- Pursuant to FERPA regulations and applicable state statutes, SBBC may disclose PII contained in education records or the education records in the following circumstances without obtaining written consent from the student’s parent/guardian or student age 18 or older:
  - Health and safety emergency;
  - Lawfully issued subpoena or court order;
  - Upon request by authorized representatives of the state and local educational authorities.
- School-based administrators must ensure that the FERPA log is completed when disclosures are made.
  - The FERPA log can be found by clicking the following link: [FERPA DISCLOSURE LOG](#).
  - If further assistance is needed, please contact the Risk Management Privacy Officer at (754) 321-1914.
- If, during the course of conducting the BTA, an articulable health and safety emergency is identified, SBBC may share PII from a student’s educational record with those state and local agencies and programs (e.g., Law Enforcement, DJJ, DOH, DCF, etc.) if the information is reasonably necessary to ensure access to appropriate services for the student(s) and to ensure safety of the student and others. School officials may disclose **only** information from education records that is required to address the health or safety concern to one or more person whose knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health and safety of students and other individuals.
- Pursuant to F.S. §1003.25, the procedure for transferring and maintaining records of students who transfer from school to school shall be prescribed by rules of the State Board of Education. The transfer of records shall occur within 3 school days. These records shall include verified reports of serious or recurrent behavior patterns, including threat assessment evaluations and intervention services.
- If requested on the day of the BTA meeting, SBBC shall provide BTA records and any other documents used during the BTA risk determination to the School Resource Officers (SRO) or other Law Enforcement officer (LEO) who participated as a BTA team member. If the BTA takes more than a day to finalize due to extenuating circumstances, the SRO or LEO who was an active participant in the BTA can request copies once the documents are finalized.

- An LEO's body cam or any other recording devices are not to be activated during behavioral threat assessment meetings and/or interviews (Source: *Use of Body Cams by Law Enforcement at Schools*, Office of the General Counsel Memorandum Dated 10/4/2019).
- When conducting a BTA, the threat assessment team may obtain criminal history record information from SRO's/Law Enforcement Officers. No member of the threat assessment team shall redisclose or use such information beyond the BTA process.
- Parents have the right to inspect their own child's records, if requested. If BTA records are shared or released, **the names and identifying information of other students or witnesses must be redacted**. All components of the BTA must be shared with a parent requesting to inspect these records. Please refer to [BTA Overview](#) for a list of required components.

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## APPENDIX A: Student Risk Intake Form

*Forms are to be entered into EdPlan. If printed forms are utilized, the information must be entered or uploaded as an attached source into EdPlan.*

*The Student Risk Intake Form is to be utilized to document the initial report of concern. The Student Risk Intake Form is the beginning of the process and will always lead to either a behavioral threat assessment (BTA) and/or suicide risk assessment (SRA). This is to be completed by a school-based administrator using information from the individual(s) making the report.*

### STUDENT RISK INTAKE FORM (Page 1 of 3)

#### INFORMATION ABOUT THE INCIDENT

**Incident Type:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Today's Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Who reported this initial concern?** \_\_\_\_\_

**Contact Number:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Affiliation to School:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Who was this concern reported to?** \_\_\_\_\_

**Contact Number:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Affiliation to School:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date Reported:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Time Reported:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date Administrator Learned of Incident:** \_\_\_\_\_

**DMS Incident Number (if applicable):** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date of Incident:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Time of Incident:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Location of Incident:** \_\_\_\_\_

*Write a narrative below detailing the incident, threat to self, threat to others, and/or concerning behavior reported. Please include the location and time of the incident, threat, or concerning behavior. Determine if there are other individuals who witnessed the student engaging in threatening, aberrant, or concerning behavior. Where threats were communicated, quote where possible, and use quotation marks to indicate direct quote. Attach original documentation, if available, later in the BTA and/or SRA processes.*

STUDENT RISK INTAKE FORM (Page 2 of 3)

Narrative:

If a threat to others has been made, has the intended target been identified? (Circle One): Yes No

Primary Target(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Target Names: \_\_\_\_\_

WITNESSES (if applicable): Name of Witness: \_\_\_\_\_

Affiliation: \_\_\_\_\_

Contact Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Law Enforcement Official Contacted (imminent threats only): \_\_\_\_\_

Date Contacted: \_\_\_\_\_ Time Contacted: \_\_\_\_\_

Outcome of Law Enforcement Official Contact: \_\_\_\_\_

INCIDENT TYPE (Check all that apply)

- Threat to Others:** If the individual is suspected of posing a **threat of harm to others**, mobilize the threat assessment team and initiate the BTA within 24 hours, starting with [BTA Part 1](#). If imminent threat to others is suspected, follow [mandatory steps to respond to imminent threats towards others](#).
- Threat to Self:** If the individual is suspected of posing a **threat of harm to self**, then ensure the student is medically safe, maintain adult supervision, and contact a Suicide Designee or other mental health professional to conduct Suicide Risk Assessment (SRA) immediately. If imminent threat to self is suspected, follow [mandatory steps to respond to imminent threats towards self](#). Please note: If it is a threat to self ONLY you DO NOT complete any components of the Behavioral Threat Assessment process. (2).

If **both** a threat to self and others is selected above, **both the BTA and SRA processes** must be completed. Each situation is unique and needs to be assessed to determine which process to follow first. If you require assistance, please contact the Psychological Services Department (754) 321-3440 for BTA assistance and the SEDNET Department (754) 321-3421 for SRA assistance.

## APPENDIX B: BTA Incident Information Form

*Forms are to be entered into EdPlan. If printed forms are utilized, the information must be entered or uploaded as an attached source into EdPlan.*

*In addition to initial information obtained through the Student Risk Intake Form, Part 1 documents more specific details regarding the incident and/or threat report and any immediate actions taken when an imminent threat has been identified. The BTA Part 1 is to be completed by a school-based administrator using information from the individual(s) making the report. BTA Part 1-3 must be initiated within **24 hours** of receiving the report.*

### INCIDENT INFORMATION FORM (Page 1 of 3)

#### INFORMATION ABOUT THE INCIDENT

**Incident Type:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Today's Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Who reported this initial concern?** \_\_\_\_\_

**Contact Number:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Affiliation to School:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Who was this concern reported to?** \_\_\_\_\_

**Contact Number:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Affiliation to School:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date Reported:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Time Reported:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date Administrator Learned of Incident:** \_\_\_\_\_

**DMS Incident Number (if applicable):** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date of Incident:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Time of Incident:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Location of Incident:** \_\_\_\_\_

*Write a narrative below detailing the incident, threat to others, and/or concerning behavior reported. Please include the location and time of the incident, threat, or concerning behavior. Determine if there are other individuals who witnessed the student engaging in threatening, aberrant, or concerning behavior. Where threats were communicated, quote where possible, and use quotation marks to indicate direct quote. Attach original documentation, if available, later in the BTA process.*

**INCIDENT INFORMATION FORM (Page 2 of 3)**

**Narrative:**

**What was the context for the behavior? What was happening at the time and/or just before?**

**If a threat to others has been made, has the intended target been identified? (Circle One):** Yes    No

**Primary Target(s):** \_\_\_\_\_

**Target Names:** \_\_\_\_\_

**WITNESSES (if applicable):**    **Name of Witness:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Affiliation:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Contact Number:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Intake Outcome:** \_\_\_\_\_

- If imminent threat to others is suspected, then contact law enforcement immediately and follow [mandatory steps to respond to imminent threats towards others.](#)**

### INCIDENT INFORMATION FORM (Page 3 of 3)

- Was law enforcement required to be contacted? Complete ONLY when notifying law enforcement in cases of imminent threat to others.

Name of Law Enforcement Official Contacted: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Law Enforcement Contact: \_\_\_\_\_

Time of Law Enforcement Contact: \_\_\_\_\_

Outcome of Law Enforcement Contact: \_\_\_\_\_

- Mobilize the threat assessment team and complete all required components of a BTA.

Regardless of law enforcement action, the threat assessment team must gather relevant information and initiate the BTA **within 24 hours of the administrator receiving the initial report**. Ideally, the Initial Student Interview should be conducted right away, so that if the threat is substantive, action can be taken promptly to prevent the threat from being carried out. However, in some cases it may not be possible to conduct an immediate interview – for example, if the threat was not reported until hours or days after it occurred or if the student is no longer on school premises. If it is not possible to interview the student right away, the team should gather information that is immediately available (perhaps by interviewing witnesses to the threat and/or reviewing available educational records) and decide on a reasonable, provisional course of action that emphasizes safety of anyone targeted by the threat. However, in most cases a team member will interview the student at the first opportunity in order to conduct a more complete assessment. If there are extenuating circumstances that delay access to the student or parent to complete the required interviews, the team should note the reason for delay on the EDPlan Info>Contacts Tab in EdPlan (e.g., attempts to contact parent/student and why either one was unavailable). *Once all required components are completed, the BTA documents must be listed as finalized documents on the EdPlan Documents tab.*

*If school is not in session, the school principal shall immediately refer the matter to law enforcement for evaluation, and the threat assessment team must meet **no later than the end of the first day school is back in session** to consider the matter and ensure it is resolved ([8](#)).*

## APPENDIX C: BTA Witness Interview

*Forms are to be entered into EdPlan. If printed forms are utilized, the information must be entered or uploaded as an attached source into EdPlan.*

*The purpose of this interview is to gather information about the threat(s) or concerning behavior from potential victims or witnesses.*

### WITNESS INTERVIEW (Page 1 of 2)

**Statement Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Person Taking Statement:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Location of Interview:** \_\_\_\_\_

*Directions: Use these questions as a guide to interview the person who witnessed the concern and/or was targeted by the threat. Ask other questions as appropriate. Try to use open-ended questions rather than leading questions. If witness is a minor, record parent under emergency contact.*

### WITNESS INTERVIEW QUESTIONS

1. Do you know why I want to talk to you? What happened today when you were [place of incident]? (Record person's exact words with quotation marks for key statements if possible.)
2. What exactly did (subject) say? And what exactly did (subject) do?
3. What did you think he or she meant when he or she said or did that? (Does witness believe that subject intends to carry out the threat?)
4. How do you feel about what (subject) said or did?

## **WITNESS INTERVIEW (Page 2 of 2)**

5. What was the reason (subject) said or did that? (Probe to find out if there is a prior conflict or history to this threat.)
  
6. What are you going to do now? (Ask questions to determine how witness plans to respond to the threat and assist in planning a safe and non-provocative response.) What do you think he/she will do now?

ANY THREAT SHOWN BY THIS INTERVIEW TO BE REALISTIC, WELL PLANNED, AND/OR POTENTIALLY LETHAL SHOULD BE CONSIDERED VIABLE. LAW ENFORCEMENT SHOULD BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY.

## APPENDIX D: BTA Initial Student Interview

*Interviews are to be entered into EdPlan. If printed forms are utilized, the information must be entered or uploaded as an attached source (Click on + sign next to the corresponding "Interviewee Name/Interviewed By" row within Interviews and Sources above) into EdPlan. This document has been translated to multiple languages (Haitian-Creole, Portuguese, Spanish). Translated versions are available on EdPlan (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).*

### INITIAL STUDENT INTERVIEW (Page 1 of 2)

Student Name:	Student ID:	Grade:
School Name:	Date of Interview:	
Interviewer Name:	Interviewer Title:	
Interviewer #2 Name: (optional)	Interviewer #2 Title: (optional)	

**Directions:** *Must be completed by a school-based administrator. It is recommended that a mental health professional also be present. Please begin by attempting to establish rapport, then use these interview questions as a guide to interview the student who either made a threat or exhibited a behavior of concern. Consider the developmental level of the student and adjust the language of the questions accordingly. Use these questions as a guide to interview the person making the threat. Ask other questions as appropriate. Try to use open-ended questions rather than leading questions.*

1. Do you know why I want to talk to you? What happened today when you were [place of incident]? (Record person's exact words with quotation marks for key statements if possible.)
2. What exactly did you say and what exactly did you do?
3. What did you mean when you said or did that?
4. How do you think [person that was threatened] feels about what you said or did? (Probe to see if the subject believes it frightened or intimidated the person.)
5. What was the reason you said or did that? (Probe to find out if there is a prior conflict or history to this threat.)

**INITIAL STUDENT INTERVIEW (Page 2 of 2)**

6. What are you going to do now? (Ask questions to determine if the subject intends to carry out the threat.)

Key Observations:

**ANY THREAT SHOWN BY THIS INTERVIEW TO BE REALISTIC, WELL PLANNED, AND/OR POTENTIALLY LETHAL SHOULD BE CONSIDERED VIABLE. LAW ENFORCEMENT SHOULD BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY.**

## APPENDIX E: BTA Teacher Input Form

*Interviews are to be entered into EdPlan. If printed forms are utilized, the information must be entered or uploaded as an attached source (Click on + sign next to the corresponding "Interviewee Name/Interviewed By" row within Interviews and Sources above) into EdPlan.*

### TEACHER INPUT FORM (Page 1 of 3)

Student Name:	Student ID:	Grade:
School Name:	DOB:	
Teacher Name:	Date of Completion:	
Subject Taught:	Current Course Grade:	

**Directions:** *Some concerns have been raised about this student. To assist us in providing supports for this student, we need information from each of his/her teachers about his/her behavior in a variety of settings. The information you provide will be very helpful in developing a support plan for this student. Based on your observations of this student, please answer the following questions to the best of your knowledge.*

#### ACADEMICS

1. How is the student doing academically? Has there been any change in recent weeks?
2. What are the student's verbal skills? How well can he/she explain himself/herself in words?
3. Has this student been considered for special education or placed in special education? What kinds of difficulties does the student have? If a student is receiving special education services, ask about the problem behaviors that are regarded as part of his/her disability.

#### TEACHER KNOWLEDGE OF THE THREAT

1. What do you know about the threat?
2. Have you heard this student talk about things like this before?

## TEACHER INPUT FORM (Page 2 of 3)

3. What have other students told you about this incident?
4. Is there another teacher or staff member who might know something about this?

### STUDENT'S PEER RELATIONS

1. How well does this student get along with other students?
2. Who are the student's friends?
3. Are there students who do not get along with this student?
4. Have there been conflicts or difficulties with peers?
5. Has this student ever complained of being bullied, teased, or treated unfairly by others?

### DEPRESSION

1. Have there been any apparent changes in the student's mood, demeanor, or activity level? Seemed withdrawn or apathetic?
2. Has the student expressed any attitudes that could imply depression, such as expressions of hopelessness or futility, inadequacy or shame, self-criticism or worthlessness?

## **TEACHER INPUT FORM (Page 3 of 3)**

3. Has this student shown an increase in irritability or seemed short-tempered?

### **DISCIPLINE**

1. What kinds of discipline problems have you experienced with this student?
2. How does this student respond to being corrected by an adult?
3. What are the student's emotional responses to being disciplined?

### **AGGRESSION**

1. How does this student express anger?
2. Does this student seem to hold a grudge? Seem resentful?
3. Has this student done anything that expresses anger or aggression, or has an aggressive theme in written assignments, drawings, class projects, etc.?

### **PARENTS**

1. Have you had any contact with this student's parents? What happened?

## APPENDIX F: BTA Review of Records

Complete a review of relevant records (i.e. cumulative file, BASIS, EDPlan, Pinnacle, TERMS, Acceliplan, etc.) and summarize any information relevant to the threat assessment process. Attach any additional relevant artifacts pertaining to the student's BTA. Specify name of reviewer and job title for each section.

RECORDS REVIEW	SUMMARY	NAME AND TITLE OF REVIEWER
Behavioral/ Discipline History		
ESE, 504 and/ or Gifted History		
Academic/ Attendance History		
Records from Outside Agencies		
Law Enforcement Records		
Employment Records		
Classwork/ Homework Assignments		
Journal/ Artwork		

**RECORDS  
REVIEW**

**SUMMARY**

**NAME AND TITLE  
OF REVIEWER**

Social Media		
Other		

**Has the student previously posed a threat? ( ) Yes ( ) No**

## APPENDIX G: BTA Analysis and Risk Level

*Assemble all mandatory BTA team members to collaboratively analyze available data, determine level of risk, and develop appropriate interventions. The BTA team must answer the 10 key questions below to analyze potential risk factors, warning behaviors, and mitigating circumstances. Consider all information collected in Part 2: Interviews and Sources. If more information is needed to answer the questions below, a Clinical Student and/or a Clinical Parent Interview should be conducted by a mental health professional.*

Threat is likely to LESS SERIOUS:

1. Subject admits to threat (statement or behavior)  
 Yes       No       Not Available
2. Subject has explanation for threat as benign (such as joke or figure of speech).  
 Yes       No       Not Available
3. Subject admits feeling angry toward target at time of incident.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
4. Subject admits to threat (statement or behavior)  
 Yes       No       Not Available
5. Subject apologetic or willing to make amends for threat.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
6. Subject willing to resolve threat through conflict resolution or some other means  
 Yes       No       Not Available

Comments:

Threat is likely to MORE SERIOUS:

7. Subject continues to feel angry toward target.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
8. Subject expressed threat on more than one occasion.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
9. Subject has specific plan for carrying out the threat.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
10. Subject engaged in preparation for carrying out the threat.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
11. Subject has prior conflict with target or other motive.  
 Yes       No       Not Available

12. Subject is suicidal. (Complete suicide assessment.)

- Yes       No       Not Available

13. Threat involved use of a weapon other than a firearm, such as a knife or club.

- Yes       No       Not Available

14. Threat involves use of a firearm.

- Yes       No       Not Available

15. Subject has possession of, or ready access to, a firearm.

- Yes       No       Not Available

16. Subject has or sought accomplices or audience for carrying out threat.

- Yes     No       Not Available

17. Threat involves gang conflict.

- Yes     No       Not Available

18. Threat involves peers or others who have encouraged subject in making threat.

- Yes     No       Not Available

Comments/Other Relevant Observations

### Observations Suggesting Need for Intervention

*Used as needed for intervention planning. Here are some factors to consider in identifying possible interventions to assist the subject and reduce risk. These items are not summed or scored.*

1. History of physical violence.

- Yes       No       Not Available

2. History of criminal acts.

- Yes       No       Not Available

3. Preoccupation with violence, violent individuals, or groups that advocate violence.

- Yes       No       Not Available

4. Preoccupation with mass shootings or infamous violent incidents.

- Yes       No       Not Available

5. History of intense anger or resentment.

- Yes       No       Not Available

6. Has grievance or feels treated unfairly.

- Yes       No       Not Available

7. Feels abused, harassed, or bullied.

- Yes       No       Not Available

- 8. History of self-injury or suicide ideation or attempts.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
- 9. Has been seriously depressed.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
- 10. Experienced serious stressful events or conditions.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
- 11. Substance abuse history.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
- 12. History of serious mental illness (symptoms such as delusions or hallucinations).  
 Yes       No       Not Available
- 13. Qualifies for exceptional student education services or 504 plan.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
- 14. Prescribed psychotropic medication.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
- 15. Substantial decline in level of academic or psychosocial adjustment.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
- 16. Lacks positive relationships with one or more school staff.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
- 17. Family involvement.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
- 18. Lacks positive relationships with peers.  
 Yes       No       Not Available
- 19. Other factors that suggest need for intervention.  
 Yes       No       Not Available

Comments

**RISK: DETERMINATION OF RISK LEVEL**

*Thoughtful consideration of the answers to the above key questions will produce a sound foundation for the threat assessment team's response to the overarching question in a threat assessment inquiry: Does the individual of concern pose a threat of targeted violence toward one or more individuals?*

*NOTICE: Once the determination is made, please remember to enter the corresponding intervention code (220 - Unfounded; 221 - Transient; 222 - Serious Substantive; or 223 - Very Serious Substantive) in TERMS.*

- Not a Threat/Unfounded  
Following a threat assessment, the threat could not be corroborated or substantiated.
- Transient  
Threats where there is not a sustained intent to harm. Threat may have been made in the heat of the moment as an expression of anger, frustration, or humor.
- Serious Substantive  
Threat where the intent to harm is present and included a threat to hit or fight. There is at least some risk that the person will carry out the threat and requires protective action.
- Very Serious Substantive  
Threat where the intent to harm is present and included a threat to kill, rape, shoot, or injure with a weapon. There is at least some risk that the person will carry out the threat and requires protective action.

**Basis for Determination**

*Threat assessment teams must consider the totality of risk factors, warning behaviors, stressors, precipitating events, and protective factors present. This should be analyzed in the context of the student of concern's age and social/emotional development to determine credibility and seriousness of the threat. Distinguishing between transient versus substantive threats is critical to the determination of appropriate responses. As a reminder, substantive threats are behaviors or statements that represent a risk of harm to others and are characterized by qualities that reflect a serious intent to do harm.*

**Notify Law Enforcement (If Applicable)**

Date of Notification: \_\_\_\_\_ Time of Notification: \_\_\_\_\_

Law Enforcement Contact: \_\_\_\_\_

**Meeting Participants**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Role</b>	<b>Signature</b>
_____	Administrator	_____
_____	Mental Health Professional	_____
_____	Law Enforcement Official	_____
_____	Teacher	_____
_____	Other BTA Team Member	_____

## APPENDIX H: BTA Action Steps and Support Plan

### Mandatory Action Steps:

*Please refer to pages 28 & 29 in the manual to determine which action steps are required based upon the Risk Level Determination.*

- Caution the student about the consequences of carrying out the threat.
- If the intended target is a student, notify the intended target(s)'s parents and/or guardians.
- If the intended target is an adult, notify the intended target(s).
- Contact student's parents and/or guardian.
- Provide direct supervision of student until parent and/or guardian(s) assume control.
- Conduct Clinical Parent Interview.
- Conduct Clinical Student Interview.
- Screen the student for mental health services and counseling and refer the student for school-based or community-based services as needed.
- Refer to CPS Team to determine need for academic/behavioral intervention and/or the need for psychological evaluation.
- Consult with SRO to assist in monitoring/supervising the student and determining need for law enforcement action. Document the name of the person who consulted with law enforcement, date, and the title of contact.
- Develop a Monitoring Plan to include a Safety Plan within 72 hours.
- Assign team member(s) to monitor student and status of intervention(s).
- Follow discipline procedures as per policies 5.8 and 5006.
- If the threat assessment records were shared with Law Enforcement, please complete the FERPA log and contact the Privacy Officer if clarification is needed.

### Action Steps & Support Plan

*In addition to the mandatory action steps, please identify responses below that can help support this student and make positive outcomes more likely. The actions you select will comprise the Student Support Plan (SSP). The resources and supports the student needs will differ depending on the information gathered during the assessment. Supports can range from holding a parent conference to creating a safety plan for the student. It is recommended that the original threat assessment team members help develop the student support plan with the inclusion of the parent/guardian. Some actions may need to be taken immediately (e.g., safety plan) while others (e.g., IEP meetings) may need to occur at a later time. For assistance, please use observations suggesting need for interventions questions you answered above to help your team determine possible interventions to assist the student to reduce risk.*

## APPENDIX I: BTA Clinical Parent Interview

*Interviews are to be entered into EdPlan. If printed forms are utilized, the information must be entered or uploaded as an attached source (Click on + sign next to the corresponding "Interviewee Name/Interviewed By" row within Interviews and Sources above) into EdPlan. This document has been translated to multiple languages (Haitian-Creole, Portuguese, Spanish). Translated versions are available on EdPlan (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).*

### CLINICAL PARENT INTERVIEW (Page 1 of 8)

Student Name:	Student ID:	Grade:
School Name:	Date of Interview:	
Parent/Guardian Name:		
Interviewer Name:	Interviewer Title:	
Interviewer #2 Name: (optional)	Interviewer #2 Title: (optional)	

**Directions:** *A mental health professional must complete this interview with the parent/guardian. An additional school staff member may participate, if warranted. Please make every effort to establish rapport and engage the parent as an ally. Explain to the parent that the purpose of the interview is to help their child be safe and successful at school. Please use this as a guide to interview the parent/guardian and try to use open-ended questions rather than leading questions. As follow-up questions, as appropriate. Understandably, parents may feel apprehensive, guilty, or defensive when being interviewed about their child's behavior. It is important that the interviewer find ways to convey respect for the parent, starting from the initial contact and throughout the interview. Also, it should be evident that the interviewer is interested in understanding and helping the parent's child; otherwise, the parent may regard the interview as an investigation designed to uncover evidence of wrongdoing by the student or incompetence by the parent. Overall, the interviewer should make every effort to engage the parent as an ally. Emphasize the common goal of helping their child to be safe and successful in school.*

### RAPPORT BUILDING AND INTERVIEW INTRODUCTION

*I appreciate your meeting with me for this interview. I am a member of a school-based team that is responsible for evaluating student-made threats.*

1. As you know, we are quite concerned about your son/daughter and the current situation. What is your view on what is happening? (If the parent/guardian is unaware of the concerns, explain the perceived threat or the behavior that led to this interview.)

*In order to assist the school in providing your son/daughter with any needed help, I am going to ask you some additional questions.*

### PARENT KNOWLEDGE OF THE THREAT

1. What do you (the parent) know about the threat?

## CLINICAL PARENT INTERVIEW (Page 2 of 8)

2. Have you heard your child (or use child's name) talk about things like this before?
  
3. Are you familiar with (the intended victim)? (Ask about the child's history with the intended victim- previous relationships and interactions.)
  
4. Ask questions to determine if the child has the means to carry out the threat, such as access to firearms.
  
5. What are you planning to do about the threat? (Is the parent willing to work with the school to develop a plan to ensure the threat will not be carried out and that the student's needs are addressed?)

### SCHOOL ADJUSTMENT

1. Has your child ever been suspended or expelled from school?
  
2. Have you ever met with the school (teacher, counselor, principal) about concerns in the past? What happened, what was going on, what was the outcome?
  
3. Has your child ever needed special help in school? Ever been retained?
  
4. Has your child ever been tested in school?

## CLINICAL PARENT INTERVIEW (Page 3 of 8)

5. How does your child like school?
  
6. How often does your child do homework?
  
7. What are your child's teachers like?

### **FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS AND CURRENT STRESSORS**

1. Who lives in the home?
  
2. Are there any important events that have affected your family/child? Ask about any recent or pending changes, such as: Move, divorce/separation, losses; Financial status, employment changes for parents; Others in home involved with the court or the law.
  
3. Who does your child share concerns with? Who is he/she close to?
  
4. How well does he/she get along with parents? Siblings? Types of conflicts, over what, how resolved?
  
5. How does your child show anger toward you and other family members?

## **CLINICAL PARENT INTERVIEW (Page 4 of 8)**

6. What does your child do after school? Who supervises? What time is your child supposed to be home at night?
  
7. What responsibilities does your child have at home?
  
8. Does your child follow rules? What are the consequences for not following the rules?

### **PEER RELATIONS AND BULLYING**

1. Has your child reported being teased, intimidated, rejected, or bullied in some other way? (If so, what has the parent done in response?)
  
2. Who are your child's friends? Are you pleased or displeased with your child's choice of friends?
  
3. How much is the child influenced by peers? Are there any examples of your child doing something to please peers that got him or her into trouble?

### **DELINQUENT BEHAVIOR**

1. Has your child been in trouble with the law or with police before? What happened?
  
2. Has your child ever gone to juvenile court? What was it about?

## CLINICAL PARENT INTERVIEW (Page 5 of 8)

3. Has your child done things that could have gotten him or her arrested or in trouble with the law? What was the worst thing? What else?
  
4. Does your child drink beer, wine, or other alcohol?
  
5. Does your child smoke marijuana?
  
6. Has your child used any other drugs?

### HISTORY OF AGGRESSION

1. How does your child handle frustration?
  
2. When your child gets angry, what does he/she do?
  
3. Has your child gotten into fights in the past? When, where, with whom?
  
4. Has your child's temper ever gotten him/her into trouble?
  
5. Has your child ever hit you or other family members?

## CLINICAL PARENT INTERVIEW (Page 6 of 8)

6. Has your child destroyed his or her own things, or someone else's property?
7. Does your child have any pets? Has he/she ever intentionally hurt the pet or some other animal?

### ACCESS TO WEAPONS

1. Do you have a gun in your home? Does your child have access to firearms through friends, relatives, or some other source?
2. Does your child have access to weapons other than firearms, such as military knives, martial arts weapons, or some other kind of weapon?
3. Has your child ever talked about using a weapon to hurt someone? Ever gotten into trouble for using a weapon, carrying a weapon, or threatening someone with a weapon?
4. What can you do to restrict your child's access to weapons?

### EXPOSURE TO VIOLENCE

1. Has your child ever been a victim of abuse?
2. Is your child exposed to violence in the neighborhood?

## CLINICAL PARENT INTERVIEW (Page 7 of 8)

3. Do people argue much at home? Has there been any physical aggression at home?
4. What kind of movies, video games, internet sites does your child like? Any parent restrictions? Level of supervision? Child's response?

### HISTORY

1. Ask about any delays in cognitive, motor, language development. How old was your child when he/she started to walk/talk?
2. Has your child ever had a problem with bedwetting? When, how long? Was anything done for this?
3. Has your child ever been hospitalized? Had any serious illnesses?
4. Has your child had any recent medical treatment? Taking any medications? Obtain diagnoses and medications. Ask for a release.

### MENTAL HEALTH

1. Does your child have any problems paying attention? Does your child follow directions without repetition and reminders? Does your child complete activities on his/her own? Does your child say things without thinking? Surprised by the consequences of his/her actions?
2. What has your child's mood been like the past few weeks?

## CLINICAL PARENT INTERVIEW (Page 8 of 8)

3. Has your child been unusually nervous or anxious? Irritable or short-tempered? How bad has it been?
  
4. Has your child had problems with sleep? Appetite? Energy level? Concentration?
  
5. Has your child ever talked about hurting himself or herself? Have you ever been concerned that he/she might be suicidal?
  
6. Have there been any times when your child seemed to be hearing things that weren't there? Has he/she said things that didn't make sense or seemed to believe in things that weren't real?
  
7. Has your child ever seen a counselor or therapist? Ever taken medication for his/her behavior or mood?
  
8. Has your child had any involvement with other agencies/programs in the community?

*Close with a statement that describes short-term next steps and express gratitude to the parent/guardian(s) for their support and follow through. You may wish to inform the parent/guardian that if any emergency situation comes up at home, they should immediately contact law enforcement and/or Mobile Response Team (previously Youth Emergency Services Team) at (954) 677-3113.*

**ANY THREAT SHOWN BY THIS INTERVIEW TO BE REALISTIC, WELL PLANNED, AND/OR POTENTIALLY LETHAL SHOULD BE CONSIDERED VIABLE. LAW ENFORCEMENT SHOULD BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY.**

## APPENDIX J: BTA Clinical Student Interview

*Interviews are to be entered into EdPlan. If printed forms are utilized, the information must be entered or uploaded as an attached source (Click on + sign next to the corresponding "Interviewee Name/Interviewed By" row within Interviews and Sources above) into EdPlan. This document has been translated to multiple languages (Haitian-Creole, Portuguese, Spanish). Translated versions are available on EdPlan (Refer to EdPlan Main Menu> Resource Information> BTA).*

### CLINICAL STUDENT INTERVIEW (Page 1 of 11)

Student Name:	Student ID:	Grade:
School Name:	Date of Interview:	
Interviewer Name:	Interviewer Title:	
Interviewer #2 Name: (optional)	Interviewer #2 Title: (optional)	

**Directions:** *A mental health professional must complete this interview with the student of concern. An additional school staff member may participate, if warranted. The purpose of this interview is to maintain the safety and well-being of the student and others. Therefore, this interview has two objectives:*

- 1) Intervention and/or referral needs.** *Assess the student's present mental state and determine whether there are urgent mental health needs that require attention, such as risk of suicide, homicide, psychosis, or rage. Beyond these immediate needs, consider whether there are other referral or support needs.*
- 2) Threat reduction.** *Gather information on the student's motives and intentions in making the threat in order to understand why the threat was made and identify relevant strategies or interventions that have the potential to reduce the risk of violence.*

*Please begin by attempting to establish rapport, then use these interview questions as a guide to interview the student who either made a threat or exhibited a behavior of concern. Try to use open-ended questions rather than leading questions. Consider the developmental level of the student and adjust the language of the questions accordingly. Ask follow-up questions, as appropriate.*

### RAPPORT BUILDING AND INTERVIEW INTRODUCTION

1. What is your understanding of why you have been asked to meet with me?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
2. We are concerned about behavior that has been reported. What's your side of it?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
3. What is your understanding of why the adults at school are concerned?

## CLINICAL STUDENT INTERVIEW (Page 2 of 11)

*In order to help me better understand this situation and be able to help you, I am going to ask you some more questions.*

### REVIEW OF THREAT

1. What happened that made others worried that you wanted to harm someone? What exactly did you say or do that made them worried? What did you mean by that?
2. I know you must have had reasons to say (or do) that, can you explain what led up to it?
3. How would you do it (carry out the threat)? (Probe for details of any planning or preparation.) Where did the idea come from?
4. What could happen that would make you want to do it (carry out the threat)?
5. What would happen if you did do it? (Review both effects on intended victims and consequences for student.)
6. What do you think the school should do in a situation in which a person makes a threat like this?
7. What were you feeling then? How do you feel now?
8. How do you think (the person threatened) felt?

**RELATIONSHIP WITH INTENDED VICTIM(S)**

1. How long have you known this person?
2. What has happened in the past between you and this person?
3. What do you think this person deserves?
4. Do you see any way that things could be improved between you and this person?

**FAMILY SUPPORT**

1. Whom do you live with? Are there family members you don't live with? Have there been any changes in the past year?
2. Whom in your home are you close to?
3. How well do your parents/guardians know you?
4. Where do you go after school? Where are your parents/guardians at this time? How much do they keep track of where you are or what you are doing?

## CLINICAL STUDENT INTERVIEW (Page 4 of 11)

5. How strict are your parents/guardians? What do they do if you do something they don't want you to do? When was the last time you got in trouble with them? What was the worst time?
6. How will your parents/guardians react (or how did they react) when they find out about this situation?

### STRESS AND TRAUMA

1. What kinds of things have been going on with you lately? What sorts of things have you worried about?
2. How has your school work been going lately? Are there things you have been worried about with your school work? Other things at school?
3. What is the worst thing that has happened to you lately? Have any other bad things happened? Is there something you regret or wish you could change?
4. Have there been any changes in your family? Has anyone been sick, moved away, or had anything bad happen to them?
5. Do you have family members in jail or prison?
6. Do you take any medication?
7. Have you been involved in any counseling?

**MOOD**

1. What has your mood been like the past few weeks? Have you felt down or depressed at times? How bad has it been? (Be alert for statements of pessimism and hopelessness that might indicate suicide risk. If there are indications of suicidal thoughts or feelings, there should be a more extensive evaluation of suicide risk. If necessary, develop a plan for protecting the student and making appropriate referrals.)
2. Have you felt nervous or anxious? Irritable or short-tempered? How bad has it been?
3. Have you felt like life wasn't worth living? Like maybe you would kill yourself?
4. Have you ever done something to hurt yourself on purpose? Ever cut yourself on purpose?
5. Have you had any problems with your sleep? Appetite? Energy level? Concentration?
6. Have you been taking any medication to help with your mood or for any other reason?

**PSYCHOTIC SYMPTOMS**

*Ask a few probe questions and follow up if there is any indication of delusions or hallucinations. Phrase questions appropriate to the student's age and understanding.*

1. Have you had any unusual experiences lately, such as hearing things that others cannot hear or seeing things that others cannot see?

## CLINICAL STUDENT INTERVIEW (Page 6 of 11)

2. Have you felt like someone was out to get you or wanted to harm you? Have you had any other fears that seem strange or out of the ordinary?
3. Do you have any abilities or powers that others do not have, such as ESP or reading minds?
4. Have you felt numb or disconnected from the world, or like you were somehow outside your body?

*Note and enquire about any other symptom of mental disorder.*

### **WEAPONS**

*Ask about any weapons mentioned in the threat. As an example, these questions concern a threat made to stab someone.*

1. You said you were going to stab (name of victim). What were you going to stab him with?
2. Do you have a knife? What kind of a knife is it? (Or how would you get a knife?)
3. Have you ever had to use a knife with someone? What happened?
4. What do you think would happen if you did use a knife with (name of victim)?

### **ACCESS TO FIREARMS**

*Ask about firearms in all cases, even if no firearm was mentioned. If the threat involved a knife, bomb, or other weapon, ask about that weapon, too.*

1. Do you have a gun?

## CLINICAL STUDENT INTERVIEW (Page 7 of 11)

2. Are there guns in your home? Have you ever used a gun for hunting or target shooting?
  
3. If you wanted a gun, how would you get one?
  
4. What do you think you might do if you had a gun?
  
5. Have you ever had to use a gun with someone? Have you ever thought about using a gun with someone?

### AGGRESSIVE BEHAVIOR

1. Do people treat you fairly? Who has been unfair with you lately? When people treat you unfairly, what do you do about it?
  
2. When you get angry, what do you do? Has your temper ever gotten you into trouble?
  
3. Do you get into fights? When was the last time? What happened?
  
4. Have you ever threatened to harm anyone before?
  
5. Have you thought about what it would be like to hurt someone really bad? Have you written any stories or made any drawings that are violent?

## **CLINICAL STUDENT INTERVIEW (Page 8 of 11)**

6. Have you ever set fire to things?
  
7. Have you damaged your own property or someone else's property?
  
8. Have you ever intentionally hurt an animal?

### **SCHOOL DISCIPLINE**

1. When was the last time you got into trouble in school? What happened?
  
2. Have you ever been suspended or expelled?
  
3. Have your parents ever been called to school because of your behavior?
  
4. Do you ever cut school or certain classes?
  
5. Do you feel that the rules at this school are fair? What has been unfair?

### **DELINQUENT BEHAVIOR**

1. Have you been in trouble with the law or with police before? What happened?

## CLINICAL STUDENT INTERVIEW (Page 9 of 11)

2. Have you ever gone to juvenile court? What was it about?
  
3. Have you done things that could have gotten you arrested or in trouble with the law? What was the worst thing? What else?
  
4. Do you ever drink beer, wine, or other alcohol? Have you ever? How often do you drink? When was the last time? Tell me about it.
  
5. Do you smoke marijuana? Have you ever? How often? When was the last time?
  
6. Have you used any other drugs? How often? When was the last time? Tell me about it.

### EXPOSURE TO VIOLENCE

1. Do you see or hear of violence in your neighborhood?
  
2. Do you know anyone who was shot, stabbed, or beat up real bad?
  
3. Do people argue much at home? Does anyone get physically aggressive?
  
4. What kind of movies do you like? What kind of video games do you enjoy playing? What are your favorite internet sites?

## CLINICAL STUDENT INTERVIEW (Page 10 of 11)

5. Ask the student about his/her reactions to recent acts of violence or to any highly publicized school shootings.

### **BULLYING**

*Bullying is broadly defined and may include teasing, social exclusion, or other forms of humiliation in addition to physical threats of violence. The student may not use the term "bully," and may be reluctant to admit to being the victim of bullying behavior, so be prepared to rephrase questions and probe for victim experiences.*

1. Is there anyone who has threatened you recently? Is there anyone who makes you feel afraid? (Ask about sexual threats if appropriate to situation.)
2. Is there anyone who has teased you or picked on you recently? Is there anyone who has beat you up or pushed you around? How about at home?
3. In response to any positive answer, follow up for more information: How often does it happen? What have you tried to do about it? Did you let any adult know about this, and if so, what happened?

*Be alert to statements indicating that a bullied student feels there is no solution to the problem or is contemplating revenge.*

### **PEER RELATIONS**

1. What are your friends like? Have you had any trouble with your friends lately? Who is your best friend?
2. How would your friends describe you?
3. Do you have a boyfriend/girlfriend? (Keep in mind that the student might not be heterosexual, and there may be concerns in this area.) How are things going with him/her? Did you have one before? What happened to the relationship?
4. Do you have friends who get in trouble?

## CLINICAL STUDENT INTERVIEW (Page 11 of 11)

5. Have you ever joined a gang? Been part of a group like a crew, clique, posse, or mob?
6. Do any of your friends know about (refer to threat situation)? What did they say about it? Anyone who feels the same way you do?

### COPING

1. How do you like to spend your free time?
2. What kinds of things do you do well?
3. What are your hobbies and interests? What do you enjoy doing?
4. Can you think of a problem you faced in the past that worked out okay? Can you think of a problem that you solved? Can you think of a time when you went to someone about a problem and that person was able to solve it?
5. What are your plans for the future? What would you like to do when you finish school?
6. What could we do that would help with (refer to the problem that led to the threat)?

ANY THREAT SHOWN BY THIS INTERVIEW TO BE REALISTIC, WELL PLANNED, AND/OR POTENTIALLY LETHAL SHOULD BE CONSIDERED VIABLE. LAW ENFORCEMENT SHOULD BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY.

## APPENDIX K: BTA Monitoring Plan

Forms are to be entered into EdPlan. If printed forms are utilized, the information must be entered or uploaded as an attached source into EdPlan.

### MONITORING PLAN (Page 1 of 2)

Student Name:  
School Name:

Student ID:  
Date:

Grade:

**Directions:** Once the BTA and SSP have been finalized, the team is required to schedule a meeting within 72 hours to create and finalize a Monitoring Plan for Serious/Very Serious Substantive threat levels. The Monitoring Plan is for on-going monitoring of support/services. The level of supervision provided to the student should be consistent with the nature and seriousness of the threat. Through the Monitoring Plan, the team identifies any actions that require continued implementation and monitoring. This includes any further actions to be taken with the student who made the threat or displayed concerning behavior. The team will also identify any actions to be taken with potential victims of the threat and/or any students impacted by the threat. The Monitoring Plan can also include documentation of any disciplinary actions taken, if applicable. Maintain documentation (e.g., logs, data) for all actions selected on the Monitoring Plan.

### DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

Student Suspended? Circle One: Yes      No

Describe: \_\_\_\_\_

Student recommended for further disciplinary action and/or consideration? Circle One: Yes      No

Describe: \_\_\_\_\_

### FURTHER ACTIONS

**Action(s) with Student Making the Threat** (Check all that apply):

- Assign a mentor. Mentor Name: \_\_\_\_\_
- Develop a crisis plan to address unsafe behavior (Indv. Plan). Person Responsible: \_\_\_\_\_
- Refer for school-based counseling. Identify focus and name/position of person providing counseling:  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Daily or weekly check-in. Identify focus and name/position of person providing counseling:  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Backpack, coat, and other belongings being checked in/out. Describe and include person responsible:  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Increased supervision in specific settings. Identify settings: \_\_\_\_\_
- Student Safety Plan. Identify person responsible: \_\_\_\_\_
- Other Actions. Please describe below:

## MONITORING PLAN (Page 2 of 2)

All of the actions selected above shall be reviewed with the following individuals who did not participate in the development meeting for this monitoring plan. List names and titles of individuals:

Name:

Title:

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Refer to school-based community provider. Please indicate date of referral and name of organization:

---

Baker Act.

Contact the legal guardian.

Meeting with family.

**Action(s) with potential victim(s) of the threat or students impacted by the threat** (Check all that apply):

Communicated with victim(s) and parent(s) or guardian(s)? Indicate date and by whom below:

---

Provided brief supportive counseling? Indicate date and by whom below:

---

Alter schedule to minimize contact with student who made threat. Person responsible: \_\_\_\_\_

School-based staff to monitor student at regular intervals. Name of staff member who will monitor:

---

Other Actions. Please describe below:

### MEETING PARTICIPANTS

Please list names and titles of all individuals who participated in the development of the Monitoring Plan:

Name:

Title:

Signature:

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The BTA team **must** reconvene every 30 school days (or earlier, if warranted) from the development of the initial Monitoring Plan for review and modifications. Upon review of a student's Monitoring Plan, the team must determine whether to: 1) Continue Monitoring Plan with revisions, 2) Continue Monitoring Plan with no revisions, 3) Close Monitoring Plan.

**Anticipated Review Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

## District Resources & Contact Information

For the most current version of this manual and other current mental health resources, please use the <i>BCPS Mental Health Portal</i> located at:  <a href="http://browardschools.com/mentalhealth">http://browardschools.com/mentalhealth</a>
For assistance with <i>EdPlan BTA Technical Support</i> : Use “ <b>Send Us a Message</b> ” button on EdPlan <b>Electronic Management System</b> (754) 321-3400 #2
For assistance with <i>BTA district procedures</i> : <b>Psychological Services</b> (754) 321-3440
For assistance with <i>school violence prevention</i> : <b>Psychological Services</b> (754) 321-3440 <b>School Climate &amp; Discipline</b> (754) 321-1655
For assistance with <i>FERPA Concerns/Questions</i> : <b>SBBC Privacy Office</b> (754) 321-1914
For assistance with <i>DMS/discipline</i> : <b>School Climate &amp; Discipline</b> (754) 321-1655
For assistance with <i>SRA/suicide prevention, Baker Acts, SEDNET referrals, and community mental health providers</i> : <b>SEDNET</b> (754) 321-3421
For assistance with <i>SEL and counseling services</i> : <b>Family Counseling</b> (754) 321-1590 <b>School Counseling</b> (754) 321-1675
For assistance with <i>substance abuse prevention</i> : <b>School Climate &amp; Discipline</b> (754) 321-1655
For guidance regarding <i>school safety</i> : <b>Special Investigative Unit (SIU School Police)</b> (754) 321-0930 <b>Safety, Security and Emergency Preparedness:</b> (754) 321-2655



RSM US LLP  
100 NE 3<sup>rd</sup> Ave  
Suite 300  
Ft. Lauderdale, Florida 33301  
(954) 462-6300  
[www.rsmus.com](http://www.rsmus.com)

**[www.rsmus.com](http://www.rsmus.com)**

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